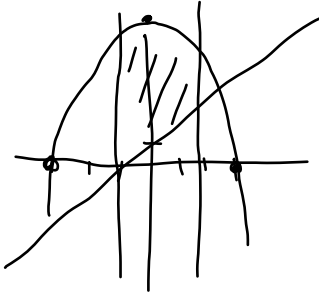
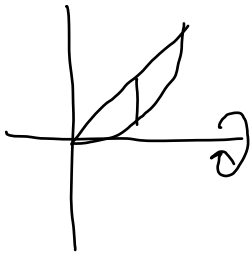


1. (5 points) Find the area of the region enclosed by  $y = x + 1$ ,  $y = 9 - x^2$ ,  $x = -1$ , and  $x = 2$ .



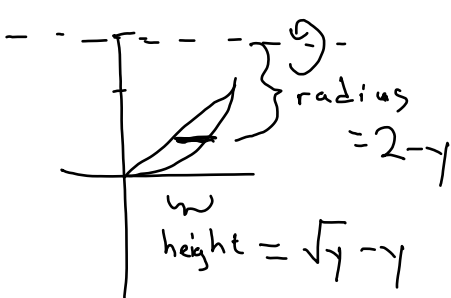
$$\begin{aligned}
 A &= \int_{-1}^2 (9 - x^2) - (x + 1) dx \\
 &= \int_{-1}^2 8 - x - x^2 dx \\
 &= \left[ 8x - \frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{x^3}{3} \right]_{-1}^2 = \left( 16 - 2 - \frac{8}{3} \right) - \left( -8 - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} \right) \\
 &= (16 - 2 + 8) - \left( \frac{8}{3} - \frac{1}{3} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \\
 &= 22 - 3 + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{39}{2}
 \end{aligned}$$

2. (5 points) Use the washer method to find the volume of the solid obtained by rotating the region bounded by  $y = x^2$  and  $y = x$  about the  $x$ -axis.



$$\begin{aligned}
 V &= \int_0^1 A(x) dx \\
 A(x) &= \pi(\text{outside}^2 - \text{inside}^2) \\
 &= \pi(x^2 - (x^2)^2) = \pi(x^2 - x^4) \\
 V &= \pi \int_0^1 x^2 - x^4 dx \\
 &= \pi \left( \frac{x^3}{3} - \frac{x^5}{5} \right) \Big|_0^1 = \pi \left( \frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{5} \right) = \frac{2\pi}{15}
 \end{aligned}$$

3. (5 points) Use the shell method to find the volume of the solid obtained by rotating the region bounded by  $y = x^2$  and  $y = x$  about the line  $y = 2$ .



$$\begin{aligned}
 V &= \int_0^1 2\pi(\text{radius})(\text{height}) dy \\
 &= \int_0^1 2\pi(2 - y)(\sqrt{y} - y) dy \\
 &= 2\pi \int_0^1 2y^{1/2} - 2y - y^{3/2} + y^2 dy \\
 &= 2\pi \left( \frac{4}{3} y^{3/2} - y^2 - \frac{2}{5} y^{5/2} + \frac{y^3}{3} \right) \Big|_0^1 \\
 &= 2\pi \left( \frac{4}{3} - 1 - \frac{2}{5} + \frac{1}{3} \right) = 2\pi \left( \frac{5}{3} - \frac{7}{5} \right) = \frac{8\pi}{15}
 \end{aligned}$$