UW-LA CROSSE DEPARTMENT OF ACCOUNTANCY BYLAWS, POLICIES, and PROCEDURES

UW-LA CROSSE DEPARTMENT OF ACCOUNTANCY Bylaws, Policies, and Procedures

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I. UW-L Department of Accountancy Bylaws, Policies, and Procedures¹

Approved: February 19, 2016 Last amended: March 2, 2012

II. Organization and Operation

Department members are governed by six interdependent sets of regulations:

- 1. Federal and State laws and regulations
- 2. University of Wisconsin System (UW System) policies and rules
- 3. University of Wisconsin La Crosse (UW-L) policies and rules
- 4. CBA bylaws, policies and rules
- 5. Shared governance bylaws and policies for faculty and academic staff, and
- 6. Department bylaws
- **A. Preamble.** These Bylaws were adopted by the members of the Department of Accountancy (Department) in accordance with the UW-System and UW-L Faculty and Academic Staff Personnel Rules.
- **B.** Meeting Guidelines. Meetings of the Department and its Committees will be conducted in accordance with the most recent edition of *Robert's Rules of Order* and WI state open meeting laws.

Minutes will be recorded by a voting member (see Section II.C. below) of the Department and distributed within two weeks to Department members. Copies of the minutes of Department and Committee meetings shall be kept in a secure location by the Department. Minutes from closed meetings will be taken by the Department Chair (or a designated faculty member) and written within one week of the proceedings. They will be available upon request.

The Department shall meet at least once per semester to conduct Department business. The Department Chair, any Committee chair, or other Department member may request a Department meeting to discuss or act upon Department matters. The Department Chair will attempt to schedule meetings when all members of the Department are able to attend. An agenda will be provided in advance of the meeting.

C. Definitions of Department Membership and Voting Procedures. Members of the Department are defined as all tenure-track or tenured faculty (Ranked Faculty), including those on leave or sabbatical who are in attendance, and instructional academic staff (IAS) members with at least a 50% appointment for four or more consecutive semesters.

¹ Blue text indicates text required by current UW-L policy.

Those classified as members of the Department are eligible to vote on matters requiring a Department vote. IAS below the rank of Distinguished and/or Senior Lecturers who are eligible to vote on Department matters, are not eligible to vote on merit, retention, promotion, and tenure issues. IAS at the rank of Distinguished and/or Senior Lecturers are eligible to vote on IAS merit, retention, and promotion issues. Part-time IAS are not eligible to vote on matters of Department governance. Therefore, such IAS shall not be entitled to vote on matters requiring a Department vote, or serve as members on Department committees.

Proxy votes are not permitted in meetings of the Department and its Committees.

- **D. Definitions of Quorum and Majority.** For meetings of the Department and its Committees, a **quorum** is defined as the majority of the entire membership eligible to participate. For personnel meetings, a quorum is achieved with a majority of those eligible to vote. Within a meeting, a **majority** is the simple majority (>50%) of those present. Members who join by teleconference and have heard all the deliberation are eligible to vote.
- E. Changing the Bylaws. Amendments or additions to these bylaws require a simple majority of the current Department membership eligible to vote. Any proposed amendment(s) shall be presented and distributed in writing at a Department meeting to provide an opportunity for a second reading and discussion. A vote will be taken at the next subsequent meeting. A second reading may be waived (by majority approval) for bylaw changes that do not pertain to personnel decisions.
- **F. General Provisions.** In order to provide clarification and guidance to the Department, across all sections of the bylaws, the following paragraphs shall be applied in any and all situations and circumstances where their application will serve to better define the boundaries and parameters for deliberation. It is the intent of the Department that the application of one or more of the general provisions will lead to a more effective, efficient, and equitable outcome in the decision-making process for both the Department and its members.
 - 1. Definition of Faculty. "Faculty" or "faculty member" includes Ranked Faculty and IAS. Ranked Faculty are individuals who generally hold a terminal degree in their field, and tenure or tenure-track teaching positions with the rank of professor, associate professor, or assistant professor. IAS positions in the UW-L College of Business Administration (CBA) generally require a master's degree.
 - 2. Conflict of Interest. Department faculty members understand and accept the potential that exists for a real and/or perceived conflict of interest between related faculty members. A Department member or the Department Chair must be recused from voting when there is an actual conflict of interest, such as voting on any matter that directly affects a spouse, ex-spouse, relative, or domestic partner. The recusal shall be construed in a neutral manner, neither a vote for, nor a vote against the spouse, ex-spouse, relative, or domestic partner. Any faculty member may also make a written request to

the CBA Dean (Dean) at least five calendar days prior to a Department or Committee vote, requesting a determination of whether a Department member must be recused for an actual or apparent conflict of interest. The Dean may act in the capacity of Department Chair, if necessary, when the Department Chair is recused.

- 3. Dean's Office. Management advisory documents created and maintained in the Dean's office are understood by the Department's faculty to have been prepared for the sole purpose of providing guidance to the decision-making across the various departments of the CBA. In any case or situation where a Dean's office management advisory document is in direct or indirect conflict with a provision of the Department's bylaws, the Department shall meet to consider amending the Department's bylaws to conform to the Dean's office management advisory document.
- 4. AACSB Documents. The Department's faculty is fully aware of, understand, and accept the important role that AACSB accreditation has had and will continue to have for the CBA. Further, the Department is committed to maintaining this standard and will seek guidance from AACSB documents that are prepared and intended to assist colleges in their efforts directed atfulfilling the AACSB mission. In any case or situation where an AACSB accreditation advisory document is in direct or indirect conflict with a provision of the Department's bylaws, the Department shall meet to consider amending the Department's bylaws to conform to the AACSB accreditation advisory document.

III. Faculty Responsibilities and Expectations

Ranked Faculty responsibilities are referenced in Section IV of the Faculty Senate bylaws entitled "Responsibilities of Departments, Department Members and Department Chairpersons." Requests for IAS hiring will be presented to the Dean. The request will indicate one of the standard titles from the lecturer or clinical professor series and will outline specific duties including teaching and any additional workload. Total workload for IAS is defined as a standard minimum teaching load plus additional workload equivalency activities.

A. Teaching. Teaching is the primary mission of all faculty in the Department, and all faculty members are expected to be active teachers throughout their careers. This teaching mission extends beyond traditional classroom instruction. It is expected that all faculty will take active roles in ensuring that all programs of study in the Department (majors and minors) are meeting the contemporary needs of students in terms of preparing them to enter the workforce, graduate schools, and/or professional training programs. In addition, all faculty members are expected to challenge students to learn by using various pedagogical devices or techniques and by setting well-defined student learning objectives and outcomes. Faculty members are expected to contribute to this Department mission in a variety of ways.

At a minimum, all faculty members must:

Utilize course resources (text and online course support) in a consistent manner across all sections of CBA pre-core courses that are housed within the Department.

	cholarship/Professional Development. The CBA is unique in that its work is guided by CSB accreditation standards. Standards have been promulgated that address faculty
	Keeping current in their subject matter area.
	Using class room assessment to reflect on and improve teaching and learning outcomes.
	Improving course pedagogy as a means to challenge and motivate students and increase student learning.
	Continuing professional teaching development by attending workshops and seminars aimed at improving teaching effectiveness.
	Advising students in undergraduate research, independent study projects and internships.
	Designing and implementing new courses aimed at increasing the knowledge of students in the Department's areas of responsibility.
	Participating in Department curriculum development by improving and updating the courses they teach.
	faculty members should engage in a variety of teaching activities that are above the nimum. Examples of such activities include:
	the Department Chair. Faculty must notify the Department Chair as well as affected students if any classes are canceled and must follow UW-LHR procedures and take appropriate leave for all absences.
	minutes per credit per term, and no exceptions are permitted without prior approval of
	Teach their regularly scheduled classes in the manner prescribed, e.g., face-to-face, online or hybrid. Under UW-L regulations, all classes must adhere to a standard of 770
	email and/or having a note placed on their office doors explaining their absence.
	each semester. If faculty members have to cancel or shorten office hours in case of an emergency, faculty members must make every effort to notify affected students by
	posted on office doors, and given to the Department Chair and ADA at the beginning of
	credit taught during that semester. Office hours must be included on course syllabi,
	during weekdays in the amount of a minimum of 30 minutes of weekly office hours per
	Hold regularly scheduled office hours in person in their offices between 8 AM and 8 PM
	Grade and return student assignments, including examinations, in a timely manner. Respond to emails from students and advisees in a timely manner.
	must be knowledgeable regarding current UW-L, CBA, and/or Department policies, procedures, rules and regulations to provide effective advising.
	available in person to fulfill these Department advising responsibilities. Faculty members
	Advise students assigned as their advisees by the Department and/or the CBA. The Department requires mandatory advising for its majors, and faculty members must be
П	Department, and/or CBA learning goals as agreed to by the Department and/or CBA.
Ц	Structure course content in a manner that directly addresses course-specific,

Scholarship & Practitioner Productivity Guidelines & Faculty Qualifications (CBA Productivity Guidelines, as currently set forth in Appendix VII.A., and as amended by the CBA from time

В.

to time).

Αt	a minimum , all faculty members must :
	Maintain Scholarly Academic (SA) or Practice Academic (PA) status if Ranked Faculty, and Scholarly Practitioner (SP) or Instructional Practitioner (IP) status if IAS.
Fo	Average at least one Publication perfull academic year of employment with the Department (except the first year with respect to new Ph.D. graduates), Publication being defined as:
	 If research in a Department discipline, a peer-reviewed publication in an Accountancy Scholarly Journal (as currently set forth in Appendix VII.C., and as amended by the Department from time to time);
	 If interdisciplinary research, in addition to any Publication defined in the preceding bullet point above, a peer-reviewed publication in any journal that meets another CBA department's publication standards for Ranked Faculty in such department;
	o If legal research, in addition to any Publication defined in the preceding two bullet points above, a publication in a Legal Scholarly Journal (as currently set forth in Appendix VII.D., and as amended by the Department from time to time).
	Present scholarly work at international, national, regional, and local conferences.
	faculty should also engage in professional development activities, examples of which clude: Attaining and maintaining professional certification. Participating in workshops, seminars, and graduate courses. Participating in professional organizations and/or attending professional meetings. Participating in continuing education.
se	rvice. All faculty members in the Department are expected to remain actively engaged in rvice to UW-L at all levels. It is also expected that the faculty maintain some level of mmitment to professional service and/or service to the public.
	faculty members should engage in a variety of service activities, including:
	Working to enhance the spirit of collegiality and cooperation within the Department. Attending Department meetings.
	Serving on Department and CBA committees, including search and screen and <i>adhoc</i> committees.
	Serving on UW-L Faculty Senate and UW-System committees. Faculty members are encouraged to display leadership in university governance, i.e., serving as chairs on UW-L committees.
	Volunteering in professionalorganizations.
	Editing or reviewing manuscripts for professional journals or conferences. Participating in conferences as session chair or paper discussant.
	Taking an active role in the Department's internship program.

C.

D. Student Evaluation of Instruction (SEIs). In each of the courses offered by the Department (except graduate courses, winter and summer courses, independent study courses, and internships), students will have an opportunity to evaluate their instructors. This evaluation will take place during the last three weeks of classes using the Department SEI (as currently set forth in Appendix VII.B., and as amended by the Department from time to time).

The Department will follow UW-L SEI policy and procedure available on the Faculty Senate webpage. Results from the Faculty Senate approved SEI questions are required for retention, promotion, and tenure for Ranked Faculty and for retention and promotion of IAS in the form of (1) the single motivation item and (2) the composite SEI consisting of the 5 common questions. For Ranked Faculty retention and both Ranked Faculty and IAS promotion these numbers will be reported using the Teaching Assignment Information (TAI) form. The Department will add both the motivation item and the composite SEI fractional median for each course. In addition, the candidate's overall fractional median for the term on both the single motivation item and the composite SEI are reported. Finally, the Department adds the Department fractional median for both the single motivation item and the composite, the minimum and maximum composite SEI for the Department, and the candidate's rank in SEI scores relative to all Department Ranked Faculty (tenure-track or tenured) for that term (e.g. 3 of 15). The same information as above is reported for IAS retention and promotion.

IV. Review Criteria and Procedures

The department will follow the policies regarding retention and tenure described in the Faculty Personnel Rules (UW-System 3.06-3.11 and UW-L3.06-3.08). Tenure/retention decisions will be guided by the criteria established in the bylaws at the time of hire unless a candidate elects to be considered under newer guidelines. The criteria outlined in this Section IV "Review Criteria and Procedures" in these bylaws should be applied to faculty with a contract date after February 19, 2016. The department will follow policies guiding part-time appointments for faculty and tenure clock stoppage available on the UW-L Human Resources website. In accordance with Faculty Personnel rules UW-System 3.05-3.11 and UW-L3.08, the performance of all faculty in the Department will be reviewed annually.

The areas of review shall include Teaching, Scholarship/Professional Development, and Service activities (see Sections III.A.-C.). For all IAS, the annual merit review may coincide with and include any concurrent retention and/or promotion review. For all non-tenured, Ranked Faculty members, the annual merit review may coincide with and include any concurrent mid-contract, retention, promotion, and/or tenure review. For all tenured, Ranked Faculty members, the annual merit review may coincide with and include any concurrent promotion and/or post-tenure review. The criteria and procedures for all such annual merit, mid-contract, retention, promotion, tenure and/or post-tenure reviews for all Department faculty shall be as follows:

- A. Review Committees. For Ranked Faculty members, the annual merit and any concurrent mid-contract, retention, promotion, tenure and/or post-tenure reviews shall be conducted by the Promotion, Retention and Tenure (PRT) Committee, which shall consist of all tenured Ranked Faculty members of the Department. For IAS, the annual merit and any concurrent retention and/or promotion reviews shall be conducted by the IAS Review Committee which shall consist of all tenured Ranked Faculty members and any IAS Distinguished and/or Senior Lecturers in the Department (henceforth, the relevant PRT and/or IAS Review Committee shall be referred to as the Committee). In the case where there are fewer than three eligible members of the Committee, the Committee shall work with the reviewee and the Department Chair to add an external member to the Committee, preference being given to more recently retired Department Ranked Faculty who are personally familiar with the reviewee's performance.
- B. Annual Activity Reports. Each year during the first week of May, the Department Chair will remind all faculty to update their electronic portfolio in Digital Measures (DM) to reflect activities from the prior June 1st to the current May 31st. A Department annual activity report shall be generated using DM and submitted electronically to the Department Chair by June 1st. The annual activity report should include narratives relating to the three areas of responsibility. The annual activity report shall serve as a vehicle for self-evaluation, which, along with other external evidence of Teaching, Scholarship/Professional Development, and Service activities, will form the basis for the annual review. The results of these annual reviews for all faculty who have completed at least one academic year at UW-L are due to the Dean's Office on Dec. 15 annually.
- C. Review Criteria. The criteria used by the Committee to evaluate a Ranked Faculty member's annual performance are designed to promote effective Teaching, quality Scholarship, and meaningful Service. Ranked Faculty are expected to devote 50% of their time and effort to Teaching, 30% to Scholarship, and 20% to Service, and review of Ranked Faculty in each of these areas will be weighed accordingly. IAS are expected to devote 80% of their time and effort to Teaching, and 20% to Service and Scholarship/Professional Development unless otherwise reallocated in advance by the Department Chair. Review of IAS in each of these areas by the Committee will be weighed accordingly. Though Scholarship is not expected or required of IAS for merit, retention or promotion, it will be looked upon favorably by the Committee during such review as "extra work."

For all faculty members, effective Teaching, Scholarship/Professional Development, and Service will be measured by comparing the evidence and artifacts reported in the annual activity report to the criteria set out in Sections III.A.-C. In order to enhance the evaluation of effective teaching beyond the measure of SEI scores and classroom peer observations, the annual activity report should also include the pedagogical devices that were used to measure course, Department, and/or CBA learning outcomes. These devices can include assignments, quizzes, exams, or projects in whole or in part, and should be accompanied by assessment evidence, samples of student work, and/or reflective commentary to aid the Committee.

- D. Merit Review. Faculty members shall be evaluated annually for merit, and the distribution of any merit salary dollars shall be based upon this annual evaluation and on whether the position generates merit dollars. The evaluation shall consider all of the criteria listed above in Sections III.A.-C. and IV.C. In addition, the annual merit evaluation of faculty must differentiate between levels of merit. Merit reviews reflect activities during the prior academic year ending June 1.
 - 1. Merit Review Procedures. Early in the fall semester, the Department Chair, working with the Committee, will use the completed annual activity reports, SEI information, and all other external evidence submitted by faculty members to evaluate each faculty member's performance in the three areas of responsibility (Teaching, Scholarship/Professional Development, and Service) using the criteria specified above.

Within seven calendar days of completion of the reviews, the Department Chair shall notify each faculty member, in writing, of the results of the annual review, his/her overall annual merit ratings (solid performance or extraordinary merit).

Faculty members who are on professional leave are expected to submit a completed annual activity report at the end of the spring semester describing their leave and other professional activities.

The Dean will evaluate the Department Chair for merit. The Department Chair typically has various administrative appointments that alter his/her normal balance of Teaching, Scholarship, and Service obligations, and this should be considered during the evaluation.

2. Merit Ratings

a. Solid Performance. A solid performance designation denotes satisfactory performance related to a faculty member's responsibilities and expectations (Sections III.A.-C. and IV.C.). To receive solid performance, faculty members must perform their Teaching responsibilities at a satisfactory level, as determined by students and peers, along with their basic minimum Scholarship and Service responsibilities. In general, the results of this solid performance review will be a simple "yes" (=100%), or "no" (=0%) designation. All faculty members shall be notified of their solid performance designation (yes=100%, or no=0%). Those persons not receiving solid performance shall be notified, in writing, of the reasons for this action.

Faculty members qualifying for solid performance will receive the state-allotted solid performance raise. Faculty on approved leave shall be considered for solid performance and may be considered for extra merit. Faculty in their first year shall

be considered for solid performance, but will not be considered for extra merit as there is no performance to evaluate for extra merit.

b. Extra Merit. Extra merit recognizes the need to differentially reward faculty for levels of performance and individual accomplishments that exceed the expectations of the department in two or more of the three areas of responsibility. Extra merit activities, or "meritorious performance," generally include exemplary Teaching accomplishments, such as new curriculum development and high SEI scores, significant Scholarship/Professional Development, and/or notable Service contributions to UW-L, the CBA, the profession, or the public.

Allfaculty members shall be notified of their assigned extra merit ratings, along with the numbers of Department members in each merit category.

3. Distribution of Merit Funds. Annually, the Department may be allocated merit monies as determined by the action of the state legislature, the Board of Regents, and/or the UW-System Administration as a percentage of the Department total salary package. These monies shall be distributed to Department members based on the merit ratings assigned through the annual merit review process described above. The pool of merit funds for IAS is separate from the Ranked Faculty pool.

All faculty members judged to be meeting their basic responsibilities as "solid performance" and granted 100% shall receive the state-allotted solid performance raise. If the state fails to designate a specific percentage for solid performance, the department will assume the solid performance allocation will be 2/3 of the total percentage allocated. All faculty who receive an overall evaluation of "meritorious performer" will divide among themselves a proportional share of the remaining merit pool.

Note here that although a whole-department merit designation may be used for non-monetary reporting issues, the Ranked Faculty and IAS must be split into two separate merit category distributions because two separate sources fund these two different populations. At the appropriate time, the Department Chair (or Human Resources Office) will communicate the merit adjustment dollars awarded to each faculty member.

Merit pay increases will not be made in years the state does not provide merit funding. The Committee will consider the annual merit ratings retroactive to the last year merit pay was provided, when the committee makes merit ratings for the first year merit funding becomes available after a lapse in funding for one or more years. For example, assume that the state did not provide any merit pay for years 2013, 2014 and 2015, and then provided merit funding in 2016. The Committee will consider the annual merit ratings for years 2013-2015 when rating faculty members for year 2016, to make the merit pay increase equitable.

4. Reconsideration and Appeals. A faculty member may request a reconsideration of his/her annual merit ratings. The Committee will reconsider a member's merit evaluation upon receiving a written request. This written request must include reasons for reconsideration and must be submitted to the Department Chair within seven calendar days of notification of the annual review results.

The Committee will meet to reconsider its action. The resulting recommendation then will be presented to the faculty member, in writing, within seven calendar days of the reconsideration hearing. At the Department level, the reconsideration recommendation of the Committee is considered final.

The Department Chair may likewise make an appeal for reconsideration of his/her merit evaluation by submitting a written request to the Dean within seven calendar days of notification of the merit evaluation results.

Appeals beyond the Department level may be presented to the Complaints, Grievances, Appeals and Academic Freed (CGAAF) Committee (see Section I.E. of the *Faculty Senate Bylaws*). As in all processes involving the evaluation of personnel, mechanisms for merit evaluation appeals beyond the Department level are established on this campus. Your attention is directed to the *UW-System Administrative Code*, the local *UW-L Faculty Rules*, and the *UW-L Faculty Handbook*.

E. Retention Review. All retention decisions, including the ultimate retention through tenure, use past performance to predict future performance. In each retention decision, the Committee must assess the promise as well as the competency of the candidate in meeting the purpose, vision, and mission of the Department.

Faculty under retention review will provide an electronic portfolio related to their Teaching, Scholarship, and Service activities extracted from their date of hire to date of review. Hyperlinked syllabi are required and the candidate may choose to provide additional evidence. Additional materials may be required for Department review and will be indicated in these bylaws.

1. Retention Review Procedures. The Department Chair shall give written notice of the review to each faculty member subject to retention review at least twenty calendar days prior to the retention review. At least seven calendar days prior to the date of the review, the faculty member shall provide the Department Chair a recent copy of his/her annual activity report (completed the previous spring semester), and any supplemental materials deemed appropriate to the Committee. This material is in addition to the electronic portfolio. The Department Chair will supply grade distributions, the results of SEIs, and merit evaluation data for each reviewee to the Committee. Reviewed faculty members may make oral or written presentations at the review meeting. The requirements of the Wisconsin Open Meeting Law shall apply to the review meeting. In order to obtain a recommendation for reappointment, the faculty member's

performance must be judged to be satisfactory (see Sections III.A.-C. and IV.C.) and must show potential for continued professional growth.

Subsequent to the Department review, the Department will provide the following materials to the Dean:
 Department letter of recommendation with vote;
 ATAI datasheet that summarizes the courses taught, workload data, grade distribution and SEIs by individual course and semester (which are only available after completing a full academic year) and Department comparison SEI data; and
 Merit evaluation data (if available).

Within seven calendar days of the review meeting, each faculty member shall be informed in writing by the Committee chair of the results of the retention review. In the case of a nonrenewal recommendation, the Committee shall consult with the Dean prior to notifying the faculty member. The Committee shall formulate and retain written reasons for the decision. In the case of a positive retention decision, the written notice shall include concerns or suggestions for improvement identified by the Committee.

- 2. Timeline. All first-year Ranked Faculty will be formally reviewed in the spring of their first year. A Department letter will be filed with the Dean and HR. Formal retention reviews resulting in contract decisions will minimally occur for non-tenured Ranked Faculty in the fall of their 2nd, 4th and 6th years. Formal retention reviews resulting in contract decisions will minimally occur for IAS in the fall of the year their current contract is expiring. For IAS with renewable contracts the retention review must be completed no less than 12 months before the contract expires.
- 3. Reconsideration and Appeals. If a nonrenewal recommendation is made by Committee, the faculty member may request reasons for the recommendation. This request must be made in writing within seven calendar days of the nonrenewal notice. Written reasons shall be provided to the faculty member within seven calendar days of the receipt of the written request. The reasons then become part of the official personnel file of the faculty member.

If the faculty member wishes a reconsideration of the initial nonrenewal recommendation, he/she shall request a reconsideration meeting in writing within seven calendar days of the receipt of the written reasons for nonrenewal. The meeting for reconsideration by the Committee shall be held within twenty calendar days of the receipt of the request. The faculty member shall be notified a minimum of seven calendar days prior to the meeting.

The faculty member shall be present at the reconsideration meeting. Both the Committee and the faculty member may choose up to two members of the university community to be present also. These third parties may question either of the other parties and make comments to them. These third parties also shall file a report of the

reconsideration meeting with the Committee and the faculty member. In later appeals, such third parties may be called as witnesses. The faculty member may make a personal presentation at the reconsideration meeting. The meeting shall be held in accordance with sub-chapter IV of Chapter 19, *Wisconsin Statutes*. At the meeting for reconsideration, the faculty member is entitled to present documentary evidence. The reconsideration is neither a hearing nor an appeal and shall be non-adversarial in nature. Its purpose is to allow the faculty member an opportunity to persuade the Committee to change the recommendation of nonrenewal by challenging the stated reasons and/or by offering additional evidence. The burden of proof is on the faculty member requesting the reconsideration.

The faculty member may appeal a negative reconsideration decision. Such an appeal must be filed, in writing, with the University Hearing Committee within twenty calendar days of notice that the result of the reconsideration has affirmed the nonrenewal decision.

Procedures regarding notice, reconsideration, and appeal shall be in accord with those described in *UW-S*3.07, 3.08 and *UW-L*3.07, 3.08 of the *Faculty Personnel Rules*.

F. Tenure Review. The granting of academic tenure represents a long-term commitment of institutional resources which requires proof of excellence in past performance and a forecast that an individual Ranked Faculty member's intellectual vitality and future contributions will continue to be of high quality for many years to come. The tenure decision follows and is based on two complementary judgments: the competency and promise of the Ranked Faculty member, and the future needs of the university. The procedure for a Tenure Review is the same as that of a Retention Review, which is described in Section IV.E. above.

The members of the Committee shall use the submitted self, peer, and student evaluation information to judge each non-tenured Ranked Faculty member's performance in the areas of Teaching, Scholarship, and Service using the criteria outlined in Sections III.A.-C. and IV.C. The criteria are guidelines to establish minimum performance in each category. As these are minimum criteria, the achievement of the minimum in each category will not be considered sufficient for tenure. Performance well above the minimum level is expected in one or more of the three categories to be evaluated. A recommendation for reappointment that constitutes a tenure decision must receive the support of a simple majority of the Committee.

G. Post-Tenure Review. The Post-Tenure Review ("PTR") policy, as approved by the UW System Board of Regents on November 11, 2016, can be found in its entirety at https://www.uwlax.edu/human-resources/post-tenure-review-policy/. The process, deadlines, and procedure are noted in the Regents Policy Document 20-9 entitled "Periodic Post-Tenure Review in Support of Tenured Faculty Development" and should be followed accordingly. In keeping with UW System policy, faculty members undergoing PTR will submit an electronic portfolio on Digital Measures to the Committee reflecting the content

submitted annually for merit review for the complete five-year PTR period. Faculty members undergoing PTR will be reviewed and determined to be in one of the following two categories:

- 1. **Meets Expectations.** This category is awarded to faculty who submit a complete PTR portfolio and who receive Merit or Exceptional Merit for five uninterrupted years during the PTR period.
- **2. Does Not Meet Expectations.** This category is assigned to faculty who receive one year of Merit Deficient designation during the five-year PTR period, without evidence of improvement, as assessed by the Committee.
- H. Promotion Review. Promotion is a privilege based upon qualifications exceeding established minimal criteria and is recommended by an informed collective peer judgment. The department will follow the guidelines and schedules regarding faculty promotion available through the Human Resources Office.
 - 1. **Promotion Review Procedures.** Before the end of spring semester, lists of faculty who will meet the minimum university eligibility requirements for promotion in the coming academic year are distributed by the Human Resources Office to department chairs. These lists will be reviewed for accuracy by the Department Chair. At this time, the Department Chair will notify the faculty members who are eligible of their eligibility.

Early in the fall semester, the names of eligible faculty members shall be forwarded to the Committee. The Department Chair shall give written notice of eligibility for promotion to each faculty member eligible at least twenty calendar days prior to the review. Faculty members choosing to seek promotion must provide all members of the Committee with their promotion materials no later than two weeks prior to the promotion consideration meeting. A guide to developing the promotion portfolio is available through the Human Resources Office.

Public notice of promotion consideration meetings shall be made at least twenty calendar days prior to the meeting. Promotion candidates will be informed of their rights under the *Wisconsin Open Meeting Law*. If an open meeting is requested, only the portion of the meeting dealing with the faculty person requesting the meeting will be open to all persons. This portion of the meeting will be conducted in accordance with the open meetings rules of the State of Wisconsin.

After discussion of a candidate's performance, votes shall be cast by a show of hands on a separate motion to promote for each promotion candidate. A **simple majority** is necessary for a positive promotion recommendation. The results of the vote shall be recorded by the Committee chair and entered into the Committee's portion of the Faculty Promotion Evaluation Report Form. The Committee shall prepare written reasons for each of its recommendations.

Within seven calendar days of the promotion consideration meeting, the Committee

chair shall notify each candidate of the Committee's recommendation. For positive recommendations, the Committee chair shall include a letter of recommendation drafted collectively by the Committee as part of the Faculty Promotion Evaluation Report Form. With these materials, the Department Chair shall also transmit, in writing, the recommendation to the Dean. A copy of this letter shall be provided to the candidate at least seven calendar days prior to the submission of the promotion file to the Dean.

A positive recommendation from the Department is only the first step to achieving promotion. All candidates should understand clearly that eligibility status and Department and CBA recommendation do not assure or imply that a promotion will be made. Faculty Senate Bylaw I.P requires that members of the Joint Promotion Committee also judge each Ranked Faculty promotion candidate on his/her Teaching, Scholarship, and Service.

In cases of a negative decision by the Committee, a written notice including reasons for the negative decision will be prepared by the Committee and transmitted to the candidate within seven calendar days of the promotion consideration meeting.

2. **Promotion Ranks.** To be considered for promotion to a higher rank, Ranked Faculty must meet the minimum university criteria provided in the *Employee Handbook*, the *Guide to Faculty Promotions and Portfolio Development at UW-La Crosse*, and the minimum Department standards by rank. To be considered for promotion to a higher rank, IAS must meet the minimum university criteria provided in the *Guide to Instructional Academic Staff (IAS) Promotion - Revised 2013*. Meeting the minimum is not a guarantee of promotion.

IAS become eligible to apply for the rank of **Lecturer** once they have completed ten full-time semesters teaching in higher education or other appropriate experience with at least six full-time semesters in rank at UW-L. The candidate must provide evidence of a strong record of accomplishment in Teaching as evidenced by self-assessment, peer evaluations, annual merit evaluations, and student evaluations given the expectations stated in Section III.A. Evidence of Scholarship/Professional Development and Service as described in Sections III.B.-C. is also expected.

IAS become eligible to apply for the rank of **Senior Lecturer** once they have completed twenty full-time semesters teaching in higher education or other appropriate experience with at least four semesters in rank at UW-L. The candidate must be able to demonstrate a sustained record of accomplishment in Teaching given the expectations stated in Section III.A. and a sustained record of accomplishment in the areas of Scholarship/Professional Development and Service as described in Sections III.B.-C.

For the rank of **Associate Professor**, a Ranked Faculty member must provide evidence of the following: Teaching excellence, the establishment of a program of Scholarship, and

participation in Service activities. Evidence of Teaching excellence shall include the results of self, peer, and student evaluations of instruction given the expectations stated in Section III.A. Scholarship and Service shall be consistent with the Department's definition of Scholarship and Service in Sections III.B.-C.

To be promoted to the rank of **Professor**, a Ranked Faculty member must show evidence of continued excellence in Teaching, significant Scholarship, and substantial Service activity. Continued Teaching excellence is measured by the results of self, peer, and student evaluations of instruction given the expectations stated in Section III.A. Significant Scholarship and substantial Service shall be consistent with the Department's definition of Scholarship and Service in Sections III.B.-C.

3. Reconsideration and Appeals. Within seven calendar days of receiving notice of a negative decision by the Committee, a candidate may request, by writing to the Department Chair, reconsideration by the Committee. The faculty member will be allowed an opportunity to respond to the written reasons using written and/or oral evidence and witnesses at the reconsideration meeting. Written notice of the reconsideration decision shall be forwarded to the Dean within seven calendar days of the reconsideration meeting.

Each promotion candidate has the right to appeal a negative reconsideration decision in a grievance filed with the Complaints, Grievances, Appeals, and Academic Freedom (CGAAF) Committee. Rules and procedures for filing a grievance are specified in UW-System 6.02 and UW-L 6.02. The Complaints, Grievances, Appeals, and Academic Freedom (CGAAF) Committee shall forward its recommendation to the chancellor (see UW-System 6.02).

V. Governance

- A. Department Chair. The Department will adhere to the selection and duties of the Chair that are delineated in the Faculty Senate Policies (revised 2008) under the heading "IV. Responsibilities of Departments, Department Members and Department Chairpersons," "V. The Selection of Department Chairpersons," and "VI. Remuneration of Department Chairpersons." In addition, references to chair-related duties are indicated in the Employee Handbook
 - 1. Election of the Department Chair. Any tenured Ranked Faculty member of the Department, at the rank of assistant professor or above and on staff at this university for at least three semesters, is eligible to serve as Department Chair. Under special circumstances, the Department may seek to hire an external chair or nominate a nontenured Ranked Faculty member. In these cases, the Department may request extensions to the above policies. The term of office is three years. All faculty members and academic staff with faculty status, and with a continuing appointment extending at least one year beyond the date of the election, are eligible to vote in the election for the

Department Chair.

Inbrief, the procedures for electing the Department Chair are as follows: 1) elections shall be held during the month of February; 2) the Dean shall send nominating ballots, containing the names of all members of the Department eligible to serve as chair to each member of the Department eligible to vote; 3) each person receiving a ballot shall nominate one person and return it to the Dean, who shall tabulate the results; 4) the Dean shall determine whether or not the two persons receiving the highest number of nominations are willing to serve if elected; however, if one person has received nominations from sixty percent, or more, of the eligible voters, that person shall be declared elected; 5) if a Department Chair has not been selected in the nomination balloting, the Dean shall place the names of the two persons receiving the highest number of nominations on a ballot and send it to the eligible voters for an election; 6) each person receiving the ballot shall vote for one person and return it to the Dean; 7) the Dean shall tabulate the results of the election and submit the name of the nominee receiving the most votes as the chair-elect to the provost/vice chancellor for approval, who in turn, shall submit it to the chancellor for approval. If approval is not given, the Dean shall conduct another election under the provisions of this policy.

2. Responsibilities and Rights of the Department Chair. A thorough listing of the Department Chair's responsibilities is contained in the Faculty Senate Bylaws Section IV: Responsibilities of Departments, Department Members and Department Chairpersons. These duties include preparing class schedules and teaching assignments; developing curriculum revisions; preparing and monitoring the Department's operating budget; administering foundation funds; arranging Department meetings and appointing faculty to Department committees; appointing and monitoring search and screen committees/activities for Department vacancies; within the context of established policy, evaluating the performance of faculty, academic staff, and classified personnel within the Department; preparing the Department's annual report; and, representing the Department in various University matters.

B. Standing Department Committees

- 1. IAS Review Committee. See the Department Review Committees in Section IV.A.
- **2. Promotion, Retention and Tenure Committee**. See the Department Review Committees in Section IV.A.
- 3. Curriculum Committee. Responsible for review of all curriculum proposals and the eventual forwarding of recommendations to the Department for approval.
- **4. Bylaws Committee**. Responsible for maintenance and refinement of these *Bylaws*, as needed, and incorporation of any UW-L or CBA policies that may impact these *Bylaws* and the procedures and policies herein.

Ranked Faculty and full-time IAS are expected to serve on Department committees as assigned by the Department Chair, CBA committees as assigned by the Department Chair, and UW-L committees as assigned by the Faculty Senate. Standing committees within the CBA requiring representation by Department faculty include: CBA Undergraduate Curriculum Committee, CBA Graduate Committee, Technology Advisory Committee, International Business Advisory Committee, and CBA Scholarship Committee.

C. Department Programmatic Assessment Plan. The Curriculum Committee will develop student learning outcomes for all programs housed within the Department and will review these outcomes every two years. Various direct and indirect assessment tools will be used to measure the achievement of these outcomes. Department student learning outcomes must be approved by the Department faculty.

In order to assist the CBA in providing assurance of learning with respect to CBA learning goals, the department will work to assure consistency in CBA pre-core courses that are housed within the department and participate in assurance of learning assessment efforts within these courses. In addition, the department will take part in the CBA's biennial assessment to measure competency in the major using department learning goals. The Curriculum Committee will be responsible for responding to the assessment results and, based on the results, will make recommendations to the department.

- D. Salary Equity. Faculty who believe they are entitled to an equity adjustment, for example in cases involving (a) recent acquisition of a Ph.D.; (b) gender or racial inequity; and/or (c) "inversion" and "compression," may ask the Department Chair to consider recommending a salary equity adjustment to the Dean. The Department Chair will scrutinize salaries for evidence of inequity and make a decision whether to support a salary equity adjustment. A faculty member denied a salary equity adjustment recommendation by the Department Chair shall have the right to appeal the decision of the Department Chair to the tenured members of the faculty. The Department Chair shall supply the tenured faculty data on salaries and will forward their recommendation to the Dean.
- **E. Sick Leave and Vacation**. Department members will account for sick leave in adherence to the most current UW-System guidelines. For unclassified staff, twelve-month employees garner vacation time, nine-month employees do not.
- F. Search and Screen Procedures. The Department will follow hiring procedures prescribed by the University's Human Resources Office in conjunction with the Office of Affirmative Action & Diversity and UW-System and WI state regulations. These procedures apply to the recruitment and hiring of Ranked Faculty, IAS, and temporary hires through a pool search. Additionally, UW-L has a policy related to spousal/partner hiring.
- **G. Summer and Winter Intersession Teaching Assignments**. Summer and Winter Intersession teaching is subject to funding and student needs. The Department Chair will make teaching

assignments based on contractual requirements, retirement circumstances, and faculty meeting CBA Scholarly Productivity Guidelines.

Compensation for Summer Intersession follows UW-L compensation policy. Compensation for Winter Intersession follows CBA compensation policy. Compensation will be based on faculty rank and credits taught. Classes may be canceled if there is insufficient enrollment.

- **H.** Faculty Leaves. The Department encourages its members to seek leaves for sabbaticals, faculty development, Scholarship, Service, and other leaves that support the Department's mission. In addition, faculty members may seek leaves for medical and other reasons. The CBA has established sabbatical application and procedures.
- I. Emeritus Status. The Committee may nominate qualified Ranked Faculty members to the Chancellor for designation as emeriti. Committee members at the rank or higher of the qualified member, participate in the nomination process. These nominations shall be forwarded to the Dean for endorsement prior to their submission to the Chancellor.
- **J. Travel.** All requests for travel funds and/or reimbursement must follow UW-L and CBA travel guidelines, as amended from time to time.
 - 1. **Procedures.** Department members should apply for funds from outside sources when appropriate. International travel should be funded by international travel grants. Department members should not expect to receive funding for international travel without having applied for an international travel grant. Travel for administrative purposes, such as search and screen, AACSB affiliation, or assessment related, etc. should be funded by the Dean's office.

Each academic year Anticipated Travel Forms should be filled out and presented to the Department Chair by September 15th for each conference the Department member would like to attend. Should a Department member wish to travel to more than one conference, he or she should rank order their requests. The Department Chair will then use the anticipated travel budget and the guidelines below to budget travel for the year. The Department Chair will then communicate to the Department members the requests that can be funded.

If travel plans change, faculty members should inform the Department Chair immediately so that the travel funds may be reallocated to unfunded travel proposals using the guidelines below. A campus absence form should be filled out one week prior to departure. A Travel Expense Report ("TER") should be filled out promptly upon return from travel. This ensures that the Department Chair can monitor expenditures relative to the anticipated budget and make necessary adjustments.

2. Priorities in Allocation of Travel Funds. The first priority for the Department travel funds is to fully fund at least one professional conference for each Department member. Should the pool of travel funds be nominally oversubscribed based on the first choice of

Department members, the Department Chair can approve travel requests for less than full funding so as to increase the number of Department members able to travel to at least one conference. If the pool is more than nominally oversubscribed, the Department Chair can distribute funds based on the prioritization below. Once all requesting Department members have at least one conference funded, the remainder of the funds should be distributed based on the prioritization below. Priorities for the Department Chair to weigh, in approximate order of importance:

- a. Papers accepted for presentation
- b. Appearance on the conference program as chair or organizer or discussant
- c. Untenured Ranked Faculty
- d. Recent history of success with converting presentations into Publications
- e. Longer amounts of time since last travel grant

VI. Student Rights and Obligations

A. Complaint, Grievance, and Appeal Procedures

Any student or group of students who has a complaint about Ranked Faculty or IAS behavior is encouraged to resolve the complaint informally. Informal attempts may include but are not limited to:

Meeting directly with the faculty member
Meeting with the student's advisor
Meeting with other faculty members
Meeting with the Department chair
Meeting with an ad-hoc Department complaint committee charged to address the issue
Meeting with any combination of such people

The intention of such meeting is to clarify misunderstandings or miscommunications that may be the source of the complaint. If informal procedures are unsuccessful (or within 90 days of the last incident) or if the student chooses not to resolve the complaint using the informal procedures, a student or group of students who wishes to pursue a complaint can do so by informing the Office of Student Life, either orally or in writing and following the Office's set procedures.

B. Expectations, Responsibilities, and Academic Misconduct

Academic and nonacademic misconduct policy is available through the UW-L Office of Student Life.

C. Advising Policy

Students are assigned to a Department advisor by the CBA Dean's office and may change their advisor upon written request to the same office.

VII. Appendices:

Appendix A UWL CBA SCHOLARSHIP & PRACTITIONER PRODUCTIVITY GUIDELINES & FACULTY QUALIFICATIONS (Approved May 15, 2014)

Criteria for Maintenance of Faculty Qualifications

Sustained academic and professional engagement is combined with initial academic preparation and initial professional experience to maintain and augment qualifications (i.e., currency and relevance in the field of teaching) of a faculty member over time. Maintenance of Scholarly status (SA or SP) requires high-impact intellectual contributions with peer-reviewed journal articles (PRJs). Maintenance of Practitioner status (PA or IP) requires impactful practice oriented intellectual contributions and/or engagement with businesses or other organizations. For purposes of this policy, "faculty" includes Instructional Academic Staff (IAS).

Maintenance of Scholarly Academic (SA) Status:

During the preceding five (5) years, each faculty member is expected to earn 18 points intotal for all Scholarly activities. In addition, each faculty member is expected to author at least two (2) peer-reviewed journal articles (PRJs) or its equivalent. New doctoral faculty will be considered SA for five years from the date the degree is granted without additional intellectual contributions.

Maintenance of Practice Academic (PA) Status:

During the preceding five (5) years, each faculty member is expected to earn 18 points in total from Scholarly activities <u>and</u> Practitioner activities, and author at least <u>one (1)</u> peer-reviewed journal articles (PRJs) or its equivalent intellectual contribution in Scholarly Activities or Practitioner Activities.

Maintenance of Scholarly Practitioner (SP) Status:

During the preceding five (5) years, each faculty member is expected to earn 18 points in total from Scholarly activities, Practitioner activities, and Instructional activities, and author at least two (2) peer-reviewed journal articles (PRJs) or its equivalent.

Maintenance of Instructional Practitioner (IP) Status:

During the preceding five (5) years, each faculty member is expected to have earned 18 points in total from Scholarly activities, Practitioner activities, and Instructional activities. A minimum of 2 points must be earned from Leadership Activities or Higher Order Professional Development among Instructional Activities. A minimum of 6 points must be earned from Practitioner activities or Scholarly activities related to the area of teaching. Newfaculty hired with IP status will have five years from the date of hire to achieve the necessary points for maintenance of IP status.

Status for Administrative Personnel with Faculty Status:

For the purposes of SA status, the minimum number of peer reviewed journal articles or its equivalent is reduced to one at the start of the third consecutive academic year for administrative personnel with faculty status such as chair, associate dean, or dean. The adjustment carries forward for three academic years after the end of that person's term. For the purposes of PA status, theses administrative duties are considered forms of practitioner engagement

Engagement and Activity Points (abridged)

	• • •
Points	Scholarly Engagement and Activities
Maintena	nnce of SA or SP status requires two (2) peer-reviewed journal articles (PRJs) or its equivalent
9	PRJ in Highest Quality or Tier 1 journal or its equivalent
6	Quality PRJ or its equivalent
3	Low-quality PRJ or its equivalent
	Intellectual Contributions that are Non-Qualifying for PRJ or Its Equivalent
2-3 pts./	Presentations, reports, case reports, non-refereed journal articles, grants and other significant scholarly and continuous articles are the continuous properties of the continuous properties and a continuous properties are the continuous properties are the continuous properties are the continuous properties are the continuous properties and a continuous properties are the continuous properties and the continuous properties are the continuou
activity	activities. Points will depend on the impact value.
	Minor Scholarly Activities or Engagement
Max 1 pt.	Reviewing or discussing ICs, media engagements, presentations at non-academic forums and
per year	working papers

Points	Practitioner Engagement and Activities			
Activi	ties Below Qualify for PRJ Equivalent for PA Status Only with 1 PRJ required for PA status			
High impact, non-refereed practice oriented intellectual contributions				
	Higher Impact Activity or Engagement not generating an intellectual contribution			
0	Significantwork, consulting, or professional leadership.			
3	Holding a dean or department chair position			
	Medium Impact Activity or Engagement			
	Medium impact, non-refereed practice oriented intellectual contributions			
2	Relevant, active service on Boards of Directors or Audit Committee and professional			
	development for certification			
	Lower Impact Activity or Engagement			
1 pt. per	Continuing professional education experiences or engagement with business or other organizational			
semester	leaders or activities to demonstrate currency in teaching area.			
	Additional Professional Engagement			
4	Currently hold an active recognized Professional Certification or Licensure relevant to the subject(s) taught.			
12	Currently hold (or within 5 years held) a management or executive position closely related to the area of teaching responsibility			

Points	Instructional Engagement and Activities (Maximum 12 points in this category can be used for IP status)
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
<u>Ann</u>	ual Leadership Activities & Higher Order Professional Development (1required for IP status)
2 pts. per activity	Leadership in teaching and learning workshops or in assurance of learning Participation at regional or national conferences with instructional related presentations
	Semester Activities with Lower Order Professional Development
1 pt. per activity	Active participation in assurance of learning Read/rate student assessment tasks to measure CBA and/or department learning outcomes
1/2 pt./ activity	Participation in teaching and learning workshops Attending CATL, CBA, or AOL workshops, retreats, brown bags, etc.

Appendix B DEPARTMENT OF ACCOUNTANCY – STUDENT EVALUATION OF INSTRUCTION

D

Strongly Disagree

Ε

INSTRUCTIONS: Please put the department name, course and section number, instructor's name, and date on the answer sheet. Also fill in the student ID section with the course and section number.

С

В

1. I was looking forward to taking this course.

Scale for Questions 1-6: Strongly Agree

Α

2.	The instructor was he	lpful to stud	ents.		
3.	. The instructor was well prepared.				
4.	. The instructor communicated the subject matter clearly.				
5.	I learned a great deal	from this ins	structor.		
6.	Overall, this instructor	was excelle	ent.		
Sc	ale for Questions 7-16 Strongly Agree A): B	С	D	Strongly Disagree E
7.	Course Objectives and stated.	ł Requireme	nts: course objec	tives and requi	rements were clearly
	of material				al and orderly sequence
	Organization of Cou			•	
10.	Class Discussion: stu material in class.	dents were e	ncouragedtoask	questions and	feltfree to discuss the
	11. Real world Exposure: relevant, practical applications were incorporated into lecture and discussion.				
12.	Homework Assignmer contributed to my und	•		•	challenging and
13.	Examinations: exam	inations req	uired me to adeq	uately demon	strate what I have learned.
14.	Feedback on Exams a			prompt and inf	ormative feedback was
	given on exams and h		_		
	Fair and Equitable Tree performance.				
	Counseling and Ass				•
17.	On the basis of the fact		•	•	•
	instructors I have had Excellent	i, on the to ile Good	owing scale, i ra Average	te tnis instruc Fair	
	A	В	Average C	raii D	F001 E
		_	Ţ	_	_

Appendix C ACCOUNTANCY SCHOLARLY JOURNAL LIST

RANK A (9 points)

Abacus

Accounting and Business Research

Accounting and Finance

Accounting and the Public Interest

Accounting Education: An International Journal

Accounting Forum

Accounting Historians Journal

Accounting History

Accounting History Review (formerly Accounting Business & Financial History)

Accounting Horizons

Accounting Review (The)

Accounting, Auditing and Accountability Journal

Accounting, Organizations and Society

Advances in Accounting

Advances in Accounting Behavioral Accounting Research

Advances in Management Accounting

Advances in Public Interest Accounting

Advances in Taxation

Auditing: A Journal of Practice and Theory

Behavioral Research in Accounting

British Accounting Review

Business Ethics Quarterly

Business History

Business History Review

Contemporary Accounting Research

CPA Journal

Critical Perspectives on Accounting

European Accounting Review

Financial Accountability and Management

Information Systems and E-Business Management

Information Systems Management

International Journal of Accounting

International Journal of Accounting Information Systems

International Journal of Auditing

International Journal of Critical Accounting

Issues in Accounting Education

Journal of Accountancy

Journal of Accounting & Economics

Journal of Accounting & Public Policy

Journal of Accounting Education

Journal of Accounting Literature

Journal of Accounting Research

Journal of Accounting, Auditing and Finance

Journal of Behavioral Finance

Journal of Business Ethics

Journal of Business Finance and Accounting

Journal of Business Finance and Accounting

Journal of Business Law

Journal of Business Research

Journal of Computer Information Systems

Journal of Contemporary Accounting and Economics

Journal of Forensic & Investigative Accounting

Journal of Governmental & Nonprofit Accounting

Journal of Information Systems

Journal of Information Technology

Journal of International Accounting Research

Journal of International Accounting, Auditing and Taxation

Journal of International Business Studies

Journal of International Financial Management and Accounting

Journal of Management Accounting Research

Journal of Public Budgeting, Accounting and Financial Management

Journal of Taxation

Journal of the American Taxation Association

Management Accounting Research

Managerial Auditing Journal

National Tax Journal

Research in Accounting Regulation

Research in Governmental and Non-profit Accounting

Review of Accounting Studies

Tax Advisor

Tax Law Review

RANK B (6 points)

Accountancy Business and the Public Interest

Accounting Educators' Journal

Accounting Information Systems Educator Journal

Accounting Perspectives

Accounting Research Journal

Accounting Systems Journal/Review of Business Information Systems

Accounting, Accountability & Performance

Accounting, Management and Information Technologies

Advances in Accounting Education

Advances in International Accounting

Advances in Management Accounting

Advances in Mergers and Acquisitions

Advances in Public Interest Accounting

Advances in Quantitative Analysis of Finance and Accounting

Australian Accounting Review

Corporate Governance: An International Review

Corporate Governance: The International Journal of Business in Society

Critical Perspectives on International Business

Current Issues in Auditing

Ethics and Information Technology

Forensic Examiner

Fraud Magazine

Global Perspectives in Accounting Education

Internal Auditing/Audit & Risk Magazine

Internal Auditor

International Business & Economics Research Journal

International Journal of Accounting and Information Management

International Journal of Business Information Systems

International Journal of Corporate Governance

International Journal of Disclosure and Governance

International Journal of Intelligent Systems in Accounting, Finance and Management

International Journal of Managerial and Financial Accounting

International Journal of Public Administration

International Tax Journal

International Tax Review

Journal of Accounting in Emerging Economies

Journal of Applied Accounting Research

Journal of Applied Business Research

Journal of Applied Management Accounting Research

Journal of Applied Research in Accounting and Finance

Journal of Cost Management/Cost Management

Journal of Emerging Technologies and Accounting

Journal of Financial Crime

Journal of Financial Planning

Journal of Financial Regulation and Compliance

Journal of Financial Reporting and Accounting

Journal of Forensic Accounting

Journal of Forensic Economics

Journal of Forensic Studies in Accounting and Business

Journal of Government Financial Management

Journal of Management Accounting Quarterly/Strategic

Finance

Management Decision

Oil, Gas & Energy Quarterly

Pacific Accounting Review

Qualitative Research in Accounting and Management

Research in Accounting Regulation
Research on Accounting Ethics
Research on Professional Responsibility and Ethics in Accounting
Review of Quantitative Finance and Accounting
Taxes - The Tax Magazine

Appendix D LEGAL SCHOLARLY JOURNAL LIST

This list primarily relies upon the Law Journal Rankings compiled annually by Washington & Lee University School of Law using its Combined Score. The Combined Score is a composite of each journal's impact factor and total cites count during an eight year period. Impact factor shows the average number of annual citations to articles in each journal (rounded to two decimal places). The Combined Score is weighted with one-third of the score based upon the impact factor and two-thirds of the score based on total cites count. The resulting score is then normalized. Please see the website for the Law Journal Rankings compiled by Washington & Lee University School of Law for more information about the methodology used to compile these rankings: http://lawlib.wlu.edu/LJ/.

The list classifies some journals higher than their average Washington & Lee ranking among all law reviews would warrant because these journals are considered to have a significant impact in certain specialized areas that are most relevant to the CBA. These areas include banking and finance, bankruptcy, commercial law, comparative law, corporations and associations, economics, insurance law, international law, and taxation. In some cases, these journals were selected because they were among the top journals in these areas according to Washington & Lee. In other cases, these journals were selected because other disciplines within the CBA classify them as A or B journals.

While this list might seem like a large number of journals, most of the journals in the A and B tiers are general law reviews. Only about 15% of the articles published by general law reviews cover business law topics. In addition, many of the spaces, particularly in the top law reviews, are filled with invited articles. As a result, there are a relatively small number of slots available for unsolicited articles that focus on business law issues. In addition, several electronic services now help law professors, legal studies professors, and lawyers submit their articles to law reviews for their consideration. As a result, most law journals classified as A journals receive over 3000 unsolicited manuscripts annually and many of the law journals classified as B journal receive over 2000 unsolicited manuscripts annually. This results in acceptance rates of less than 2 percent for the top 50 law reviews and less than 5 percent for the top 100 law reviews. These acceptance rates are lower than or comparable to the acceptance rates for the premier journals in finance and economics. According to Cabell's, the American Economic Review has an acceptance rate of 7 percent and the Journal of Finance has an acceptance rate of about 4 percent.

Washington & Lee's rankings emphasize the value of current scholarship because they are based on the citations by academics, lawyers, and judges during a moving eight-year period. Given the rankings' variability from year to year, it is impossible to predict where a journal will fall within the Washington & Lee rankings in the future. Randomly electing a single year as the basis for an academic journal's ranking effectively transforms the prospects for promotion and tenure into a game of chance that can cost candidates tenure and deny the University highly qualified professors. To avoid this problem, this list relies upon the average

Washington & Lee rankings for the journals during the prior ten years when evaluating a journal's classification and when making promotion and tenure decisions rather than looking at the rankings in a single year.

Ranking	List of Journals	Points
A+ Journals	The journals in this category consist of journals with an average ranking over the prior 10 years of between 1 and 50 on the Law Journal Rankings by the Washington & Lee University School of Law compiled using the Combined Score and the American Business Law Journal, a highly ranked peer review law journal and the flagship publication of the Academy of Legal Studies in Business, the professional organization for professors of legal studies and business law in AACSB-accredited business schools.	9
A Journals	The journals in this category consist of journals with an average ranking over the prior 10 years of between 51 and 100 on the Law Journal Rankings by the Washington & Lee University School of Law compiled using the Combined Score and the following subject matter journals: Journal of Law and Economics† Journal of Law, Economics & Organization† Journal of Legal Studies‡ American Law and Economics Review‡ Harvard Business Law Review§ Journal of Corporation Law§ Delaware Journal of Corporate Law§ Columbia Business Law Review§ The Business Lawyer§ Berkeley Business Law Journal§ New York University Journal of Law & Business§ Fordham Journal of Corporate & Financial Law§ North Carolina Banking Institute§ Review of Banking and Financial Law§ Journal of Empirical Legal Studies§ University of Pennsylvania Journal of Business Law§ Stanford Journal of Law, Business & Finance§ Antitrust Law Journal§ Connecticut Insurance Law Journal§ Virginia Journal of International Law§ Yale Journal of International Law§ Chicago Journal of International Law§ Chicago Journal of International Law§ Columbia Journal of Transnational Law§ Vinginia Journal of Transnational Law§ Vinderbilt Journal of Transnational Law§ University of Pennsylvania Journal of International Law§ Virginia Tax Review§ Tax Law Review§	9

B Journals	The journals in this category consist of journals with an average ranking over the prior 10 years of between 101 and 541 on the Law Journal Rankings by the Washington & Lee University School of Law compiled using the Combined Score and the following subject matter journals: International Review of Law and Economics† Brooklyn Journal of Corporate, Financial & Commercial Law § Ohio State Entrepreneurial Business Law Journal § University of Miami Business Law Review § DePaul Business & Commercial Law Journal § Journal of Law and Commerce § William and Mary Business Law Review §	6
	Banking Law Journal§	
C Journals	The journals in this category consist of journals with an average ranking over the prior 10 years of between 542 and 1381 on the Law Journal Rankings by the Washington & Lee University School of Law compiled using the Combined Score.	3
Non- Qualifying Journals	The journals in this category consist of journals with an average ranking over the prior 10 years of 1382 or lower on the Law Journal Rankings by the Washington & Lee University School of Law compiled using the Combined Score.	0

- †- Ranking on the Harzing Journal Quality List
- ‡- Journals that economics departments frequently classify as A journals.
- §- Highly ranked journals by the Washington & Lee Rankings for the subject areas of banking and finance, bankruptcy, commercial law, comparative law, corporations and associations, economics, insurance law, international law, and taxation. These journals significantly influence business law scholarship and their rank among all law reviews does not accurately reflect their substantial impact on business law scholarship.

Appendix E DEPARTMENT OF ACCOUNTANCY STATEMENT ON SCHOLARSHIP

The acquisition of new knowledge in the disciplines of accountancy and law and the discovery of new, effective ways to communicate this knowledge are key elements that characterize activities of Ranked Faculty. Consequently, it is expected that Ranked Faculty will be active scholars. Scholarship both supports the teaching function and is a valuable activity in its own right. Scholarship includes investigation of a subject prompted by a deep curiosity concerning it.

It is entirely possible that the scholarly emphasis of individual Ranked Faculty members may vary over their academic careers; however, it is expected that all Ranked Faculty will remain scholarly active throughout their academic career. The Department values all scholarship including discovery, integration, applied and instructional, but emphasizes applied and instructional scholarship.

Ultimately, the purpose of scholarship is to have an impact on the relevant discipline. The Department recognizes that the disciplines of accountancy and law can use different means for discerning how scholarship has impacted each discipline. An essential aspect of all forms of scholarship, however, is its external evaluation by peers.

In the disciplines of accountancy and many other business fields, a primary factor in the evaluation of scholarship is the extent to which it has received peer review and dissemination. In those areas, the principal ways that this is done are through publication and presentation of the results or products of scholarship and through peer review of competitive grant proposals for funds to support the scholarly work.

In the discipline of law, the principal ways of showing impact are through (i) the publication and dissemination of scholarly legal articles in professional journals, high impact law reviews, interdisciplinary journals, peer-reviewed journals in other disciplines, or conference proceedings; (ii) competitive grant proposals to obtain funds to support scholarly work; (iii) having legal scholarship used as a basis for drafting laws or regulations; and (iv) having legal scholarship cited in court opinions, legal briefs, administrative regulation documentation, and other policy-making documents. The Department defines "high impact law reviews" as those journals described in Appendix D as A, B, or C journals. The list in Appendix D is based upon the rankings of law journals determined by Washington & Lee University School of Law ("W&L Rankings"). The Department uses the W&L Rankings to identify high impact law reviews because standard business journal indexes, such as Cabell's, the Association of Business Schools Academic Journal Quality Guide, or the Financial Times 45, contain very few or no law journals.

Expectations for Scholarship during the Probationary Period. During their probationary period, faculty are expected to establish a vibrant, sustainable research program. In order to further clarify expectations for probationary faculty, the department regards the items listed below as examples of *typical indicators* of a successful scholarly program. These criteria are not meant to

progra	m of scholarship.
	Writing and publishing scholarly papers in academic journals (See Section III.B. and Appendices C and D);
	Presenting scholarly work at national/international, regional, and local conferences
	Authoring texts, or other copyrighted work contributing to the accountancy and/or legal professions;
	Proposing, receiving, and administering grants;
	Developing tangible teaching materials including study guides and software;
	Working papers and other work in process, published or accepted for publication by the time of tenure review.

imply an absolute minimum standard but are presented to outline examples of a sustainable