

The Third Calculus Competition of UW-La Crosse

Date: 11/8/14

Name _____

Score _____

Directions: Each problem is worth 10 points. Please show your work on the answer sheets to get full credit.

1. Calculate the limit $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left[\frac{1}{\ln(1+x)} - \frac{1}{x} \right]$.

2. Calculate the limit $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \left(\frac{\sin x}{x} \right)^{1/x^2}$.

3. Given $f(x) = \begin{cases} \ln(x+e) & x > 0 \\ a^x & x \leq 0 \end{cases}$, where $a > 0$. Determine the value of a such that $f'(0)$ exists.

4. If $f'(a) = 1$, find $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a-3x) - f(a)}{2x}$.

5. Suppose f is an odd periodic function with period 4. If f is differentiable and $f'(x) = 2(x-1)$ on $[0, 2]$, show your work to find $f(7)$.

6. Suppose that the implicit function $y = f(x)$ is determined by the equation $f(xy) = f(x) + f(y)$, where $f(0) = 0$ and $f'(x) \neq 0$. Find $\left. \frac{dy}{dx} \right|_{x=0}$.

7. Suppose $f(x)$ is differentiable on $[0, \infty)$ and $f(0) = 0$, if $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = 2$, prove the following statements.

(a) There must exist $a > 0$ such that $f(a) = 1$.

(b) For the above a , there exists $\xi \in (0, a)$ such that $f'(\xi) = \frac{1}{a}$.

8. Suppose $f(x)$ and $g(x)$ are both continuous on $[a, b]$, and $f(x)$ is an increasing function. If $0 \leq g(x) \leq 1$, then prove the following statements.

(a) $0 \leq \int_a^x g(t) dt \leq x - a$, $x \in [a, b]$

(b) $\int_a^{a+\int_a^b g(t) dt} f(x) dx \leq \int_a^b f(x) g(x) dx$

9. Calculate the integral $\int \frac{\sin x \cos x}{1 + \sin^4 x} dx$.

10. Calculate the integral $\int_{-\infty}^1 \frac{1}{x^2 + 2x + 5} dx$.