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The medical dosimetrist is a member of the radiation oncology team that plays a role in the management of cancer. Medical Dosimetry allows professionals to utilize their knowledge of mathematics, medical physics, science, and critical thinking in his/her everyday work. Medical Dosimetrists specialize in the planning of optimal radiation treatment techniques and dose calculations in collaboration with the medical physicist and radiation oncologist.

According to the American Association of Medical Dosimetrists (AAMD), the professional organization, the medical dosimetry profession is described as:

After the Radiation Oncologist has consulted with the patient on their plan of treatment, he/she will write a prescription of radiation dose to a defined tumor volume. The medical dosimetrist will then design a treatment plan by means of computer and/or manual computation to determine a treatment field technique that will deliver that prescribed radiation dose. When designing that plan, also taken into consideration are the dose-limiting structures. These structures could include the eye when treating the brain, the heart when treating the lung, or the spinal cord when it is included in the area of treatment. The medical dosimetrist maintains a delicate balance between delivering the prescription the physician has written while ensuring the patient will not lose important healthy organ function. In many institutions, the medical dosimetrist also has the ability to execute planning for intracavitary and interstitial brachytherapy procedures.

Following the planning process, the patient will have a simulation for tumor localization to ensure reproducibility of treatment set up and plan delivery. Here, it may be necessary to produce moulds, casts, and other immobilization devices for accurate treatment delivery. A medical dosimetrist may supervise, perform, or assist in this process. The medical dosimetrist will then work with the radiation therapists in the implementation of the patient treatment plans including: the correct application of immobilization devices, beam modification devices, approved field arrangements, and other treatment variables. The advancements in computer technology place us at the forefront of many new processes. Using imaging modalities such as CT scans, alone or in combination with MRI or PET scans, we plan with 3-D computers that enable us to give higher doses of radiation to a tumor while lowering the doses to the sensitive structures around it. In some environments we play a part in cutting edge clinical research for the development and implementation of new techniques in cancer treatment. It is an exciting and amazing profession to work in. We are members of a team that contributes toward cancer survivorship on a daily basis.

In summation, the medical dosimetrist performs calculations for the accurate delivery of the Radiation Oncologist’s prescribed dose, documents pertinent information in the patient record, and verifies the mathematical accuracy of all calculations using a system established by the Medical Physicist. We perform, or assist in, the application of specific methods of radiation measurement including ion chamber, thermoluminescent dosimeters (TLD), or film measurement as directed by the Medical Physicist. Another area that we may contribute to is giving technical and physics support to the Medical Physicist; this support could be in radiation protection, qualitative machine calibrations, and quality assurance of the radiation oncology equipment. Also, we often take on the role of educator in facilities that have radiation oncology residents, radiation therapy students or medical dosimetry students.
Code of Ethics for Medical Dosimetrists

The purpose of the American Association of Medical Dosimetrists (AAMD) Code of Ethics is to establish an ideal of professional conduct to which members of the Medical Dosimetry profession should aspire. The Code of Ethics expresses the moral values of the AAMD. While, by itself, the AAMD cannot create or reform moral character, it may at least inform a conscience. Such a code also signals the organization is moral commitment to those who depend upon its members for services. In any profession, the test of moral seriousness depends upon personal compliance with ethical standards.

As Medical Dosimetrists, our primary objective is to use our training, experience, skills, and talents for the benefit of society. To this end, we recognize our professional relationships with and obligations to the:

(1) Patient.
Although never directly responsible for prescribing medical procedures, the health and welfare (even life) of many patients may directly depend upon the skill and dedication with which Medical Dosimetrists carry out their work.

(2) Employer or Client.
As professionals, Medical Dosimetrists have the obligation to act as faithful agents for their employers or clients and to devote their skills and talents to further the legitimate aims of their employers. In turn, they have the right to expect rue professional consideration from their employers or clients.

(3) Fellow Medical Dosimetrists.
Medical Dosimetrists should contribute to the advancement of their profession and should avoid all practices which detract from the stature of Medical Dosimetry.

In furtherance of the principles stated in this preamble, the AAMD has adopted this Code of Ethics.

Principles of Ethics
The following principles represent goals to which all Medical Dosimetrists should aspire:

(1) Medical Dosimetrists are obliged to uphold the honor and dignity of their profession by exhibiting sound moral character and the highest degree of competence in their work.

(2) Medical Dosimetrists must be honest and forthright at all times in their dealings with employers, clients, and patients. Remuneration expected should be consistent with the type and quality of service provided.

(3) Patient privacy must be respected and confidentiality of patient information must be maintained.

(4) Medical Dosimetrists should strive continually to improve their knowledge and skills and participate in programs that lead to the improvement of the Medical Dosimetry profession and the health of the community.

(5) Collegiality, openness, and mutual respect shall characterize the relationships among Medical Dosimetrists.

(6) Medical Dosimetrists should conduct their affairs in a manner consistent with standards of excellence.
Education in the Field of Medical Dosimetry
The medical dosimetry program is a degree program that provides students with an educational foundation in medical dosimetry as well as clinical experience in a radiation oncology department. The curriculum requires 4 semesters of distance online courses taken synchronously with a clinical internship at an affiliated site. Admission to the program is on a competitive basis. Clinical internship begins in January and continues through December. Students who successfully complete program requirements graduate with a Master of Science Degree in Medical Dosimetry. Education continues after graduation by individual research and reading and recognized continuing education opportunities offered by employers and professional societies and is required for maintaining professional credentials.

Accreditation
The University is accredited by North Central Association. The program is accredited by the Joint Review Committee on Education in Radiologic Technology (JRCERT). The UW-L medical dosimetry program was the 4th program in the nation to receive accreditation. Contact information for the JRCERT is listed below.

JRCERT
20 N. Wacker Drive, Suite 2850
Chicago, IL 60606-3182
(312) 704-5300
www.jrcert.org.

Certification
A national certification exam is offered by the Medical Dosimetrist Certification Board. Students may apply to take the board exam after meeting all requirements for graduation. The graduate will individually apply to take the exam. The exam is offered twice per year. Beginning in 2006, there is a three attempt rule for passing the examination. A failure on the third attempt requires the applicant to wait for two years before applying for the exam again. Applicants and students are advised of the “Ethical Standards” established by the MDCB. These are the standards of minimally acceptable professional conduct for all Certified Medical Dosimetrists. They are intended to promote the provision of safe, competent medical care for all patients requiring medical dosimetry services. Violation of the Ethical Standards carries sanctions, including, among others, not permitted to take the exam or forfeiting certification. All violations must be investigated by the MDCB in order to determine eligibility on a case by case basis. See also www.mdcb.org.

Job Market
Medical Dosimetrists may work in hospital departments or free-standing facilities. Options for diversification present in performing special procedures, physics, management, and education. Medical Dosimetrists may also work in sales and technical support. The number of job openings varies with time and location. The graduate can enhance his/her success in securing a position by being open to relocation.
MISSION AND GOALS

U.W. System Mission:
The University of Wisconsin-La Crosse shares in the mission of the University of Wisconsin System which is to develop human resources; to discover and disseminate knowledge; to extend knowledge and its application beyond the boundaries of its campuses; and to serve and stimulate society by developing in students heightened intellectual, cultural, and human sensitivities as well as scientific, professional, and technological expertise and a sense of purpose. Inherent in this broad mission are methods of instruction, research, extended education and public service designed to educate people and improve the human condition. Basic to every purpose of the system is the search for truth.

The Core Mission: Within the approved differentiation stated in their select missions, each university in the cluster shall:

a. Offer associate and baccalaureate degree level and selected graduate programs within the context of its approved mission statement.
b. Offer an environment that emphasizes teaching excellence and meets the educational and personal needs of students through effective teaching, academic advising, counseling, and through university-sponsored cultural, recreational, and extracurricular programs.
c. Offer a core of liberal studies that supports university degrees in the arts, letters, and sciences, as well as specialized professional/technical degrees at the associate and baccalaureate level.
d. Offer a program of pre-professional curricular offerings consistent with the university’s mission.
e. Expect scholarly activity, including research, scholarship and creative endeavor, that supports its programs at the associate and baccalaureate degree level, its selected graduate programs, and its approved mission statement.
f. Promote the integration of the extension function, assist the University of Wisconsin – Extension in meeting its responsibility for statewide coordination, and encourage faculty and staff participation in outreach activity.
g. Participate in inter-institutional relationships in order to maximize educational opportunity for the people of the state effectively and efficiently through the sharing of resources.
h. Serve the needs of women, minority, disadvantaged, disabled, and non-traditional students and seek racial and ethnic diversification of the student body and the professional faculty and staff.
i. Support activities designed to promote the economic development of the state.

UW – La Crosse Select Mission:
The primary purpose of the University of Wisconsin – La Crosse is to provide education leading to baccalaureate and selected graduate degrees supplemented by appropriate research and public service activities as further detailed in the following set of goals:

a. The university shall emphasize excellence in educational programs and teaching.
b. The university shall provide a broad base of liberal education as a foundation for the intellectual, cultural, and professional development of the students.
c. The university shall offer undergraduate programs and degrees in the arts, letters and sciences; health and human services; education; health, physical education, and recreation; and business administration.
d. The university shall offer graduate programs and degrees related to areas of emphasis and strength within the institution.

e. The university expects scholarly activity, including research, scholarship and creative endeavor, that supports its programs at the baccalaureate degree level, its selected graduate programs, and its special mission.

f. The university shall support studies related to the environment, culture, heritage, institutions, and economy of La Crosse and the surrounding Upper Mississippi Valley Region.

g. The university shall serve as an academic and cultural center, providing service and professional expertise, and meeting the broader educational needs of the region.

Medical Dosimetry Program Mission and Goals:

**Mission:**
The Medical Dosimetry Program at the University of Wisconsin – La Crosse is committed to the education of medical dosimetrists who are knowledgeable, competent, and dedicated to their profession and their patients.

**Goals:**
1. Students will demonstrate competence in medical dosimetry.
2. Students will use critical thinking and problem solving skills necessary to practice in current and emerging technology.
3. Students will demonstrate effective communication skills.
4. Students will develop and exhibit professional practices.
5. Students will demonstrate research skills needed to approach medical dosimetry with scholarly rigor.
6. The program will successfully meet the needs of its students and communities of interest.
ACADEMIC REQUIREMENTS

Admission policies and the application/selection process have been developed with the intention to consider each applicant’s strengths and select for admission those best qualified to meet the program’s requirements and mission.

- The number of students admitted to the program is dependent on the number of clinical internship sites and their student capacity. Admission to the program is on a competitive basis.
- Applicants are considered without regard to sex, race, color, creed, religion, national origin, disability, ancestry, age, sexual orientation, pregnancy, marital or parental status.
- The rigor, intensity of this program, and the skills and responsibility necessary for practice as a medical dosimetrist require the program to seek applicants with a strong academic background, along with refined interpersonal skills and maturity. Prior healthcare experience is also an indicator of a career commitment to clinical practice. The program’s admission process will consider each applicant’s strengths and select for admission those applicants best qualified to meet the program’s mission.
- The admission selection process includes the following: (1) Cumulative Grade Point Average (GPA); (2) Science GPA; (3) Written application including references; (4) Background predictive of potential for future practice in the service areas of the program’s partner institutions; (6) Knowledge of the profession and the profession’s role in the healthcare system; (7) Interpersonal Skills; (8) Quality and Extent of Healthcare related experience.
- Completing more observation time than required for admissions is highly recommended for non-Radiation Therapy professionals.

Selection
- The selection committee consists of the program director, the educational coordinator and a panel of professionals at the clinical internship sites.
- Students must request the specific clinical internship sites where they would like to interview at. Students are responsible for expenses incurred for the interview process at the clinical internship sites.
- After interviews are completed, decisions will be made by the selection committee on the placement of students at each site.

Technical Standards for Medical Dosimetrists
- Demonstrate oral and written proficiency in the English language, including the ability to read, interpret and apply written instructions (treatment charts, notes, records, technical publications, equipment manuals, etc.).
- Communicate effectively with faculty, fellow students, physicians, and all members of the health care team.
- Maintain intellectual and emotional stability and maturity under stress while also maintaining appropriate performance standards.
- Lift 30 pounds of weight (treatment cones, blocks for treatment, ancillary aids), including the ability to lift such heavy items overhead up to 6 feet.
- Push a standard wheelchair from the waiting room to the treatment room, and move immobile patients from a stretcher to a treatment or diagnostic table.
• Possess sufficient audio acuity to perceive and interpret audio signals from equipment during treatment or treatment planning.
• Possess sufficient visual acuity--corrected to 20/20--to observe patients and equipment operation during treatment or treatment planning; have adequate perception of depth and color; and be able to view computer monitors for extended periods.
• Grasp complex three-dimensional spatial relationships.
• Have sufficient manual dexterity to carry out all aspects of medical dosimetry procedures.
Preadmission

MS Degree Program: Prerequisites

The Master of Science in Medical Dosimetry Program is a 4 semester, 46-credit program designed to allow two routes of entry. This degree program not only delivers the core medical dosimetry curriculum, it also offers advanced professional and research coursework that prepares graduates for future advancement in the profession.

Routes of Entry (Tracks):

A. Registered Radiation Therapist with a Baccalaureate Degree
B. Non-Registered Radiation Therapist with a Baccalaureate Degree in physical sciences

The Medical Dosimetry program requires that applicants either have completed the following when they apply, or have a plan to complete the following courses and other prerequisites prior to fall semester before enrollment. Many applicants have biology, physics, chemistry, math, or health professions majors; however, the program has enrolled students that have graduated with a wide variety of other majors. Comparable courses from other accredited institutions are also acceptable.

Admission Requirements

- Applicant must have an earned baccalaureate degree:
  - A degree in radiation therapy, physics, radiologic sciences, math, computers, or other areas approved by the program
  - Cumulative GPA of 3.0; Overall GPA of 3.0 on prerequisite coursework
  - Minimum of 40 hours of documented medical dosimetry observation
  - Prior documented experience working with patients in a healthcare environment
  - Completed program and Graduate school application with four letters of recommendations
  - Interviews at clinical internship sites
  - Completion of computer eligibility requirements

- Prerequisite Courses:
  - (6-8 cr) Human Anatomy & Physiology with labs; or equivalent
  - (6-8 cr) Physics – 2 course sequence; or equivalent
  - (3-4 cr) Pre-Calculus; or College Algebra + Trigonometry; or equivalent
  - (3-4 cr) Biology; or equivalent
  - (1-3 cr) Medical Terminology; or equivalent
  - (2-3 cr) Computer Science; or equivalent

- Students for whom English is a second language must earn a minimum score of 600 (paper-based), 250 (computer-based), or 100 (internet-based) on the Test of English as a Foreign Language (TOEFL) within two years of application to the program.

- As this is an online program, applicants must meet the program computer requirements, which is part of the application materials.

- Please be aware that a felony charge may affect your ability to obtain clinical placements and/or sit for the board examination. A criminal background check is
required which could potentially disqualify a student from advancing into the clinical environment (Refer to Appendix C).

- We respect that a student may elect to not receive immunizations for personal or medical reasons. Students who have a medical condition that precludes them from receiving immunizations may be asked to provide additional documentation from a medical provider. Clinical affiliates must comply with their organization's policy regarding immunizations and as such may decline a student without required immunizations or medical documentation. Students should be aware that this may impact options for clinical education experiences and progression through the medical dosimetry curriculum (Refer to Appendix D).
Clinical Internship
The clinical internship starts in January and will continue until mid December of that year. The clinical internship consists of clinical practicum competencies and evaluations. When students have completed the requirements for the Medical Dosimetry Program, they are awarded a Master of Science Degree in Medical Dosimetry.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Didactic hours per week</th>
<th>Clinical hours per week</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Spring Semester</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Summer Semester</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fall Semester</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Student Resource Site
The program has developed a web-based student resource site for the students. This website provides a single place to find those important resources needed while enrolled in the program.

Here you will find information such as class schedules, clinical paperwork, writing resources, e-portfolio information, days off, and much more. Please visit this site routinely and bookmark this site in your favorite search engines.

http://www.uwlax.edu/Medical-Dosimetry-MS/Current-students/

Clinical Preceptor Resource Site
The program has developed a web-based clinical preceptor resource site for the clinical preceptors of our program. This website provides a single place to find the policies and procedures of the program and any additional resources they may need.

The site includes administrative documents, clinical paperwork, curriculum information, outcomes assessment plan, and various other important information.

http://www.uwlax.edu/Medical-Dosimetry-MS/Clinical-resources/
## Medical Dosimetry Curriculum

### Master of Science Degree

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course #</th>
<th>Credits</th>
<th>Course Name</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Pre-Clinical</strong></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Fall Semester</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DOS 511</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Advanced Imaging</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DOS 512</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Simulation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DOS 513</td>
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<td>Anatomy</td>
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<tr>
<td>DOS 514</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Physics</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DOS 515</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Computers &amp; Networking</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DOS 516</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Radiation Safety</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DOS 750</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Professional e-Portfolio</td>
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<td><strong>Clinical Internship Year</strong></td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Spring Semester</strong></td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>DOS 522</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Radiation Dose Calculations</td>
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<tr>
<td>DOS 523</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Treatment Planning</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DOS 525</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Brachytherapy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DOS 711</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Research Methods in Medical Dosimetry I</td>
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<tr>
<td>DOS 771</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>Clinical Practicum I</td>
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<td><strong>Summer Semester</strong></td>
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<td>DOS 531</td>
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<td>Clinical Oncology</td>
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<td>DOS 518</td>
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<td>Professionalism and Mentoring in Medical Dosimetry</td>
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<td>DOS 731</td>
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<td>Research Methods in Medical Dosimetry II</td>
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<td>DOS 741</td>
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<td>Protocols and Studies in Radiation Oncology</td>
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<td>DOS 772</td>
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<td>DOS 541</td>
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<td>DOS 542</td>
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<td>DOS 543</td>
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<td>Seminar in Medical Dosimetry</td>
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<tr>
<td>DOS 751</td>
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<td>Research Methods in Medical Dosimetry III</td>
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<td>DOS 752</td>
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<td>Operational Issues in Radiation Oncology</td>
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<tr>
<td>DOS 773</td>
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<td>Clinical Practicum III</td>
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</table>
## Medical Dosimetry Course Descriptions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Course Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DOS 511</td>
<td>Advanced Radiologic Imaging for Medical Dosimetrists</td>
<td>This course reviews production of Medical images with radiologic equipment as well as ultrasound, MRI, and radionuclide scans.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DOS 512</td>
<td>Simulation for Medical Dosimetrists</td>
<td>Simulation techniques of treatment set-ups are reviewed and advanced methods of virtual simulation are explored.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DOS 513</td>
<td>Anatomy for Medical Dosimetrists</td>
<td>Anatomical structure and function which affects treatment planning processes is addressed along with identification of anatomic structures on radiographs, CT, and MRI images.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DOS 514</td>
<td>Physics Fundamentals for Medical Dosimetrists</td>
<td>Fundamental principles of physics important to the production and use of radiation for treatment purposes is reviewed and expanded. Dose measurement utilizing a variety of methods is discussed along with the appropriate instrumentation. Calibration methods for linear accelerators are also discussed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DOS 515</td>
<td>Computers and Networking in Radiation Oncology</td>
<td>This course introduces students to basic computer terminology, features of hardware, peripherals, and clinical applications in radiation oncology. Types of networking and the components involved are discussed. Specific network protocols used in healthcare, imaging, and radiation oncology will be described.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DOS 516</td>
<td>Radiation Safety</td>
<td>Radiation Safety measures are reviewed and updated according to federal and state mandates.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DOS 518</td>
<td>Professionalism and Mentoring in Medical Dosimetry</td>
<td>This course introduces the student to the professional practice of medical dosimetry, including standards, scope of practice, ethics and legal perspectives. Students will also discuss the importance of education and mentoring in medical dosimetry. Different aspects of education in the profession will be examined to prepare the student for various roles as a medical dosimetry mentor.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DOS 522</td>
<td>Radiation Dose Calculations</td>
<td>This course introduces factors that affect dose delivered in radiation treatments and how these factors are accounted for in dose calculations.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DOS 523</td>
<td>Treatment Planning</td>
<td>Methods of best treating various disease sites with single and multiple field arrangements using photons and electrons are discussed. Advanced treatment planning techniques of conformal radiation therapy including 3D treatment planning, IMRT, IGRT, Gating, Protons, and Stereotactic are also discussed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DOS 525</td>
<td>Brachytherapy for Medical Dosimetrists</td>
<td>The use of Brachytherapy in radiation therapy is addressed. Characteristics of sources utilized for treatment as well as determination of source activity and dose delivered are included. Methods and instruments utilized to apply Brachytherapy treatment planning techniques to clinical treatment situations are discussed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DOS 531</td>
<td>Clinical Oncology for Medical Dosimetrists</td>
<td>This course covers cancer in general as well as specific disease sites, their treatment and management of patient care during treatment.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DOS 541</td>
<td>Radiobiology for Medical Dosimetrists</td>
<td>This course reviews the effect of radiation on the human body, in the context of radiation treatments. It particularly focuses on factors affecting the therapeutic ratio.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DOS 542</td>
<td>Dosimetric Quality Assurance</td>
<td>The methods and importance of periodic quality assurance procedures of treatment planning, equipment, and processes are covered in this course.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DOS 543</td>
<td>Seminar in Medical Dosimetry</td>
<td>This course offers students an opportunity to practice answering questions and solving problems as they review course material to prepare for the national medical dosimetry certification board exam.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Course Code</td>
<td>Course Title</td>
<td>Description</td>
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<td>-------------</td>
<td>---------------------------------------------------</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>DOS 771</td>
<td>Dosimetry Clinical Practicum I</td>
<td>Students gain clinical experience in Simulation patient set-ups and imaging studies, physics and radiation safety in the clinical environment, anatomical contour segmentation, and computers and networking within the radiation oncology field. Students will begin basic calculations and treatment planning while being introduced to brachytherapy procedures.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DOS 772</td>
<td>Dosimetry Clinical Practicum II</td>
<td>Students continue to gain clinical experience at an affiliated clinical internship site by concentrating on more advanced treatment planning and Brachytherapy procedures while continuing to learn the various concepts of clinical oncology specific to patient treatments.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DOS 773</td>
<td>Dosimetry Clinical Practicum III</td>
<td>Students continue to improve their treatment planning and dosimetric skills, concentrating on advanced planning methods and quality assurance techniques.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DOS 711</td>
<td>Research Methods in Medical Dosimetry I</td>
<td>This course serves as an introduction of fundamental principles of research methodology and how principles are applied for conducting research in health sciences. Students will be introduced to basic terms and focus on the overall structure of the research process. The course will help students prepare to select a research topic and develop questions related to it. Library and literature resources and procedures for using them will be described in detail. Student will learn how to formulate a research hypothesis. This course will help prepare students for their own scholarly project.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DOS 731</td>
<td>Research Methods in Medical Dosimetry II</td>
<td>This course follows in sequence the Scholarship I course and expands on research terminology. This course discusses ethical concerns and legal responsibilities associated with conducting research. Sampling, measuring instruments, and statistics will be discussed in detail. Types of research will be described in detail while expanding on principles from the scholarship I course. Students will learn the process of writing and evaluating the final research report.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DOS 751</td>
<td>Research Methods in Medical Dosimetry III</td>
<td>This course follows in sequence the Scholarship II course and serves as the culminating research course. Students will utilize peer review and editing, and various elements of individualized instruction while preparing their final research report. Students will be prepared to have their final reports in a publishable format to enter the AAMD national student writing competition.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DOS 741</td>
<td>Protocols and Studies in Radiation Oncology</td>
<td>This course provides a broad overview of cancer clinical trials. Students will discuss improving the approaches to cancer prevention, diagnosis, and treatment. Advantages and disadvantages of clinical trials for patients, the general population, and health care providers are discussed. The role of the medical dosimetrist involved in clinical trials is described in depth.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DOS 750</td>
<td>Professional e-Portfolio</td>
<td>This course prepares students for the development of a professional e-portfolio. Students will discover the basic concepts of designing and creating an e-portfolio, terminology, and components included in a professional e-portfolio. Students will gather artifacts and materials throughout the program to develop a comprehensive e-portfolio project. The course will focus on additional components such as electronic multimedia files, course assessment components, self-reflections, achievements, and other reflective learning enhancements for the comprehensive e-portfolio.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DOS 752</td>
<td>Operational Issues in Radiation Oncology</td>
<td>The course focuses on various radiation oncology operational issues. The strategic planning process of organizations will be presented. Human Resource concepts and regulations impacting the medical dosimetrist will be examined. Accreditation agencies and the medical dosimetrist’s role in the process will be discussed. Medical insurance coding, billing, and reimbursement issues pertinent to the radiation oncology department will be presented. Development and management of a department budget will be discussed. Continuous Quality Improvement (CQI) project development and evaluation and assessment techniques will be emphasized.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Radiation Therapy Planning</td>
<td>Bentel, G.</td>
<td>2nd edition</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Treatment Planning in Radiation Oncology</td>
<td>Khan, F.M. &amp; Gerbi, B. J.</td>
<td>3rd edition</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Radiation Oncology: Management Decisions</td>
<td>Chao, K. S.</td>
<td>3rd edition</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brachytherapy Applications &amp; Techniques</td>
<td>Devlin, P. M.</td>
<td>2007</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Additional Materials:**
- You will need to have access to a scanner, a headset w/microphone, and a web camera for certain assignments. [this is NOT optional - it is required]

The instructor may add textbooks to certain classes. Be prepared to add texts upon request.
DEVELOPING PROFESSIONAL BEHAVIORS

The mission of the Medical Dosimetry Program at University of Wisconsin-La Crosse is a commitment to the education of medical dosimetrists who are knowledgeable, competent, and dedicated to their profession and their patients.

To effectively meet the mission and goals of the program, students must be taught in all three learning domains: cognitive, psychomotor, and affective. Professional development of students fits within the affective domain and is required in order for students to be successful in their educational program and for graduates to be effective practitioners. This development must be progressive throughout the medical dosimetry curriculum. In order to facilitate such development, it is necessary to define what the word “professional” means in regard to Medical Dosimetrists and what professional behavior consists of.

The following listing, Characteristics and Abilities Essential to the Development of the Professional Medical Dosimetrist, has been compiled based on the original work of the Radiation Therapy program to guide its approach to professional development of its students. Resources for this listing included The ASRT Radiation Therapy Standards of Practice (Professional Performance Standards) and Model for Ability-Based Assessment in Physical Therapy Education, May, et al, Journal of Physical Therapy Education, Vol 9, No.1, Spring 1995.

Progress toward development of professional behavior is expected in all medical dosimetry courses.
Characteristics and Abilities Essential to the Development of the Professional Medical Dosimetrist

**Commitment to Learning: (Evidenced by)**
Showing respect to all instructors and being attentive in classes and professional meetings
Eagerness to acquire understanding of concepts and development of skills
Use of ongoing self-assessment to evaluate personal performance, knowledge and skills
Seeking out constructive feedback and effectively using it for personal and professional improvement
Exploration and Investigation to advance the professional knowledge base
Maintaining competence in professional practice and development of competence with new technology
Continuing education after graduation to maintain and update knowledge

**Interpersonal and Communication Skills: (Evidenced by)**
Development of effective oral, written and non-verbal communication skills
Implementation of effective communication skills in practice with patients, their families and radiation oncology team members
Appropriate interactions with patients, families, colleagues and other health practitioners
Empathy and compassion for patients and their families
Promotion of a positive, collaborative practice atmosphere

**Problem solving and Critical thinking: (Evidenced by)**
Ability to recognize and define problems, analyze data, develops and implement solutions and evaluate outcomes
Ability to assess and evaluate situations, logically question, distinguish relevant from irrelevant issues and make appropriate judgments
Application of problem solving and critical thinking skills to personal, patient related or work related issues.

**Effective use of time and resources: (Evidenced by)**
Ability to take initiative and make the most of personal, class, and clinical time to maximize their educational value
Adaptability and creativity in making adjustments to schedule changes and resource availability

**Professional conduct: (Evidenced by)**
Use of appropriate dress and appearance to enhance patient and peer confidence
Adherence to the professions accepted ethical standards
Commitment to providing optimal care to all patients
Dependability in attendance
Responsibility in fulfilling commitments and in reporting errors
Being accountable for decisions and actions
Support of, and participation in professional organizations
Providing a positive role model and professional image of Medical Dosimetrists to others in public and private settings

**Stress Management**
Ability to identify sources of stress and cope effectively with them
### Program Officials and Their Roles

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Program Director: Nishele Lenards, MS, CMD, R.T. (R)(T)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Campus Office:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UW-La Crosse</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medical Dosimetry Program</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1725 State Street – 4054 HSC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>La Crosse, WI 54601</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Home Office:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14702 Wilds View NW</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Lake, MN 55372</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mobile: 952-270-3582</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Department: 608-785-8470</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fax: 608-785-8460</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skype: nishele</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Email: <a href="mailto:nlenards@uwlax.edu">nlenards@uwlax.edu</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Faculty website: <a href="http://nishelelenards.weebly.com/">http://nishelelenards.weebly.com/</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Program website: <a href="http://www.uwlax.edu/md">www.uwlax.edu/md</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To schedule meetings: <a href="https://nishelelenards.youcanbook.me/">https://nishelelenards.youcanbook.me/</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Her responsibilities are as follows:

1. Organization, administration, review and development of program.
2. Assurance of program effectiveness through outcome assessment.
3. Participation in budget planning.
5. Course development and scheduling.
6. Coordination of student application and selection process.
7. Student counseling and advisement.
8. Representation of student and program needs to department, college, university and community.
9. Instruction and evaluation of students in clinical internship as appropriate.
10. Chair of Advisory Committee; duties include scheduling, notification of meeting, preparation of agenda and management of meeting.
11. Maintenance of knowledge of the profession of Medical Dosimetry and educational methodologies through continuing professional development and pursuit of scholarly activities.
Her responsibilities are as follows:

1. Correlation of clinical education with didactic education.
2. Coordination of clinical education.
3. Participation in selection of students and assignment to clinical internship sites.
4. Maintenance of knowledge of program policies and procedures.
5. Member of the Advisory Committee and Governing Board for the major.
6. Maintenance of the knowledge of the profession of medical dosimetry and educational methodologies through continuing professional development and pursuit of scholarly activities.
8. Evaluation of student progress in clinical competency process.
Dr. Conway is a radiation oncologist at Gundersen-Lutheran Health System in La Crosse, Wisconsin. His responsibilities are as follows:
1. Advisement to the Program Director as requested regarding the operation of the program and in particular the clinical education of students.
2. Maintenance of an understanding of program goals, objectives and policies.
3. Participation in student selection to program if requested.
4. Advocating on the part of the program and its students in the medical community and at the clinical internship sites.
5. Member of the advisory committee for the program.
6. Maintenance of knowledge of the profession of Radiation Oncology and its relationship to Medical Dosimetry through continuing professional development and pursuit of scholarly activities.

John Wochos is a medical physicist at Gundersen-Lutheran Health System in La Crosse, Wisconsin. His responsibilities are as follows:
1. Advisement to the Program Director as requested regarding the operation of the program and in particular the clinical education of students.
2. Maintenance of an understanding of program goals, objectives and policies.
3. Participation in student selection to program if requested.
4. Advocating on the part of the program and its students in the medical community and at the clinical internship sites.
5. Member of the advisory committee for the program.
6. Maintenance of knowledge of the profession of Radiation Oncology and its relationship to Medical Dosimetry through continuing professional development and pursuit of scholarly activities.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Internship Site</th>
<th>Clinical Preceptors</th>
<th>Telephone</th>
<th>Email</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Gundersen Health Systems</td>
<td>Colleen Brogan-Raasch, CMD</td>
<td>608-775-2385</td>
<td><a href="mailto:csbrogan@gundersenhealth.org">csbrogan@gundersenhealth.org</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>La Crosse, WI</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>University of Wisconsin Hospitals &amp; Clinics</td>
<td>Jennifer Smilowitz, PhD</td>
<td>608-263-0657</td>
<td><a href="mailto:smilowitz@humonc.wisc.edu">smilowitz@humonc.wisc.edu</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Madison, WI</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Cancer Care of Western New York</td>
<td>Mike Rajecki, PhD</td>
<td>716-897-3800</td>
<td><a href="mailto:mrajecki@cancercarewny.com">mrajecki@cancercarewny.com</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cheektowaga, NY</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>St. Paul Cancer Care Center</td>
<td>Mark Weis, CMD</td>
<td>651-241-5525</td>
<td><a href="mailto:mark.weis@usoncology.com">mark.weis@usoncology.com</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>St. Paul, MN</td>
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<tr>
<td>Loyola University</td>
<td>John Roeske, PhD</td>
<td>708-216-2596</td>
<td><a href="mailto:jroeske@lumc.edu">jroeske@lumc.edu</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chicago, IL</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>University of Illinois Hospital and Health Sciences System</td>
<td>Brett Smith, MS</td>
<td>312-413-8793</td>
<td><a href="mailto:bsmith9@uic.edu">bsmith9@uic.edu</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chicago, IL</td>
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<tr>
<td>University of Colorado Hospital – Anschutz Cancer Pavilion</td>
<td>Jen Backus, CMD</td>
<td>720-848-0468</td>
<td><a href="mailto:Jennifer.backus@uch.edu">Jennifer.backus@uch.edu</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aurora, CO</td>
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<tr>
<td>Central DuPage Hospital/ CDH Proton Center</td>
<td>Stacey Schmidt, CMD</td>
<td>630-821-6463</td>
<td><a href="mailto:stacey.schmidt@cadencehealth.org">stacey.schmidt@cadencehealth.org</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Warrenville, IL</td>
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<tr>
<td>Raymond G. Scott Cancer Care Center</td>
<td>Heather Parks, CMD</td>
<td>630-262-8554</td>
<td><a href="mailto:heather.parks@cadencehealth.org">heather.parks@cadencehealth.org</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Geneva, IL</td>
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<tr>
<td>VA Medical Center</td>
<td>Jim Schmitz, CMD</td>
<td>612 467-1805</td>
<td><a href="mailto:James.Schmitz@va.gov">James.Schmitz@va.gov</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minneapolis, MN</td>
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<tr>
<td>Virginia Commonwealth University – Massey Cancer Center</td>
<td>Louise Francis, CMD</td>
<td>804-628-0082</td>
<td><a href="mailto:lfrancis@mcvh-vcu.edu">lfrancis@mcvh-vcu.edu</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Richmond, VA</td>
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<tr>
<td>University of Michigan Hospital</td>
<td>Lon Marsh, CMD</td>
<td>734-395-3781</td>
<td><a href="mailto:lonner@umich.edu">lonner@umich.edu</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ann Arbor, MI</td>
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<tr>
<td>University of Colorado Hospital</td>
<td>Jennifer Backus, CMD</td>
<td>720-848-0468</td>
<td><a href="mailto:Jennifer.backus@uch.edu">Jennifer.backus@uch.edu</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Denver, CO</td>
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<tr>
<td>McLaren Cancer Institute</td>
<td>Renee O’Neal, CMD</td>
<td>989-615-1776</td>
<td>Renee.O’<a href="mailto:Neal@mclaren.org">Neal@mclaren.org</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flint, MI</td>
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<tr>
<td>New York Methodist Hospital</td>
<td>Ikoro Nnaemeka, PhD</td>
<td>718-780-3677</td>
<td><a href="mailto:Nci9001@nyp.org">Nci9001@nyp.org</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brooklyn, NY</td>
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<tr>
<td>Wyckoff Heights Medical Center</td>
<td>Larry Farina, CMD</td>
<td>718-963-7381</td>
<td><a href="mailto:larry.farina@aktina.com">larry.farina@aktina.com</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brooklyn, NY</td>
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<tr>
<td>Verity Radiation Therapy</td>
<td>Dennis DeAtley, CMD</td>
<td>972-820-1405</td>
<td><a href="mailto:ddeatley@lmcancercenter.com">ddeatley@lmcancercenter.com</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plano, TX</td>
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<tr>
<td>Northpoint Cancer Center</td>
<td>Bryan Murray, CMD</td>
<td>469-364-7880 Ext: 238</td>
<td><a href="mailto:bmurray@northpointcancercenter.com">bmurray@northpointcancercenter.com</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dallas, TX</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>North Shore – Long Island Jewish Long Island</td>
<td>Ajay Kapur, PhD</td>
<td>718-470-7338</td>
<td><a href="mailto:akapur@nshs.edu">akapur@nshs.edu</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New York</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Lawrence Cancer Center</td>
<td>Suzy Bradley, CMD</td>
<td>785-749-3600</td>
<td><a href="mailto:mnsbradley@sunflower.com">mnsbradley@sunflower.com</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lawrence, KS</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dixie Regional Medical Center</td>
<td>Cephas Mubata, PhD</td>
<td>435-688-5178</td>
<td><a href="mailto:cephas.mubata@mail.org">cephas.mubata@mail.org</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>St. George, UT</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>GRU Cancer Ctr/Med College of GA</td>
<td>Paige Dalton, CMD</td>
<td>706-721-2971</td>
<td><a href="mailto:adalton@gru.edu">adalton@gru.edu</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Augusta, GA</td>
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</table>
Responsibilities of Clinical Preceptors:
1. Manage the educational program at the assigned clinical internship site.
2. Provide clinical instruction in medical dosimetry courses.
3. Evaluate students’ competence and progress on an ongoing basis, providing feedback on a periodic basis.
4. Counsel and coach students as required.
5. Coordinate clinical and instruction.
7. Report to the Program Director regularly and as needed.
8. Maintain knowledge of program policies and procedures.
9. Clinical Preceptor is eligible to serve as a member of the Advisory Committee if requested.
10. Maintain knowledge of the profession of Medical Dosimetry and educational and evaluative methodologies through continuing professional development and pursuit of scholarly activities.

Advisory Committee for the Medical Dosimetry Program:

Members:  
Nishele Lenards  Program Director, Chair
Anne Marie Vann  Educational Coordinator
Dr. Patrick Conway  Medical Advisor
Melissa Weege  Program Director for Radiation Therapy, UW-L
Colleen Brogan-Raasch  Medical Dosimetrist Advisor
John Wochos  Physics Advisor
Peggy Denton  Chair of Health Professions Department

* A representative from the clinical internship site may be asked to attend advisory committee meetings.

The role of the advisory committee is to:
1. Develop, revise and approve Mission and Goals of program
2. Review, revise and approve program printed materials
3. Discuss, adjust and approve program curriculum, policy and procedures
4. Provide guidance to program officials as requested
5. Assist in the process of student discipline and grievance when concerns are brought to it
6. Plan for and assist in preparation of documents for accreditation purposes
7. Review selection and admission practices
8. Participate in program outcome assessment
9. Promote the medical dosimetry program within the college, university and community
10. Advocate for program officials and students as necessary
Program Assistants: Health Professions Department
Shauna Salow – Administrative
Pete Amann – Admissions
Brenda Landrum – Clinical Sites/Contracts
Megan Hoffman – Receptionist/Scheduling

University of Wisconsin – La Crosse
1725 State Street - 4054 Health Science Center
La Crosse, WI 54601

Telephone: 608-785-8470
Fax: 608-785-8460
Off Campus Course Attendance Policy

Attendance of classes is expected while in the program and notification of absence is required. The courses are delivered with weekly deadlines and designated times during clinical hours to complete required coursework. Students are to contact the clinical supervisor when coursework is going to be missed as well as the Program Director.

Expenses and Financial Aid

1. Tuition and fees are established by the University for each academic year and are published in the class Timetable for each semester and summer session. Questions about tuition and fees may be directed to the Cashier’s Office.
2. The Board of Regents reserves the right to change tuition and fees without published notice.
3. The Clinical Internship will start in early January. The internship continues through late December of the next year (approximately 12 months). Tuition and fees will be assessed for three semesters.
4. Tuition deposits and payment plans are described in the UW-L undergraduate and graduate catalog.
5. Student services are funded through segregated fees determined by the student government. Students who are outside La Crosse for internship may have their segregated fees waived, if approved by the Dean of Students and Student Senate. For all students located outside La Crosse, the segregated fees have already been waived at the request of the program director.
6. Students in their internship will be charged tuition for the Clinical Practicum portion of the program.
7. Students must purchase textbooks. The textbook rental through the University is not available to medical dosimetry students as the segregated fees were already waived for the students being off campus. The campus bookstore may have textbooks available for purchase at a competitive price.
8. Students must carry health insurance to cover medical expenses during the program.
9. Student group health insurance plans are not available for students located off campus.
10. Living expenses are the responsibility of the student. Students must make their own arrangements for room and board during the length of the program.
11. Financial aid information and programs are available through Student Financial Aid office. See the undergraduate catalog for application instructions and programs available.
12. Refund of tuition upon withdrawal depends on the timing of withdrawal, dropping from 100% in the first few days of the semester to 50% for an additional time period and to zero after that. Specifics can be found in the current Timetable of Classes.
13. Students will be required to carry liability insurance for their clinical internship. This will be provided through the University with a fee charged to the student as part of the DOS 771 course fee.
ACADEMIC AND GRADUATION POLICIES

1. Permanent student records are kept by the Records and Registration Office. These are confidential between the student and the University. Students may request transcripts of their permanent academic records at any time, but transcripts will not be released without the student’s authorizing signature. Rights of access are in accordance with the U. S. Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974 as amended.

2. Transfer of credits earned at colleges and universities accredited by an acceptable regional accreditation agency will be governed by University rules as presented in the Undergraduate Catalog, Graduate Catalog, and/or by established articulation agreements for the major.

3. Grades are assigned according to the program’s grading system on a four-point scale (detailed in the Undergraduate Catalog/Graduate Catalog along with definitions and policies for pass/fail, incomplete, withdrawal and credit by examination).

4. Graduation Requirements:

Candidates for the Master of Science degree in Medical Dosimetry must accomplish the following prior to graduation:
   a. Complete all program courses and deficiencies.
   b. Be a student in good standing (“not in good standing” or “probation” status must be cleared)
   c. Complete the courses prescribed by the Graduate Curriculum Committee for the degree in medical dosimetry with at least a 3.0 cumulative grade point average. Grades below “C” in individual required courses require clearance of deficiency as judged by the Program Officials.
   d. Meet the requirements for clinical competency as described in the clinical practicum course syllabi.
   e. Earn at least one-half of the minimum number of credits required in the program in graduate only level courses (non-slash courses).
   f. Satisfy the graduate research project.
   g. File a completed “Intent to Graduate” form online via the WINGS student center immediately after you have registered for your final semester.
   h. Pay the graduation fee.
   i. Complete all requirements within 30 days after the official ending date of a term in order for a degree to be awarded for that term.

Candidates for the certificate in medical dosimetry must accomplish the following prior to graduation:
   a. Complete all program courses and deficiencies.
   b. Be a student in good standing (“not in good standing” or “probation” status must be cleared).
   c. Complete all courses prescribed by the program for the certificate in medical dosimetry with at least a 3.0 cumulative grade point average. Grades below “C” in individual required courses require clearance of deficiency as judged by the Program Officials.
   d. Meet the requirements for clinical competency as described in the clinical practicum course syllabi.
5. **Student Withdrawal and Reentry:**
   
a. Withdrawal from a course is usually not possible without affecting status in the program or major. The curriculum is rigorous and strictly sequenced. If a student would withdraw from a course, he/she would be unable to proceed into the next semester or summer session and would have to appeal to the Student Progress Committee to be allowed to retake the course at a later time as members of future classes would be affected.

b. Withdrawal from the program or major should be considered carefully prior to any action being taken. The student is strongly urged to talk with a campus advisor as well as the Program Director. Program personnel will make every attempt to deal with the student’s concerns and facilitate continuance. If the student determines that withdrawal is the best course of action after these discussions he/she is asked to submit a statement in writing that decision to the Program Director.

c. Reentry and Readmission: Students who feel they must withdraw from the medical dosimetry program or major once accepted, are encouraged to speak to medical dosimetry program officials prior to withdrawal. Students are not guaranteed placement should they wish to reenter. They must reapply to the major and be considered for placement by the Selection Committee.

6. A **leave of absence** approval is required of any student who will miss more than two consecutive weeks of training while in the professional phase of the major. A student must submit a request in writing for such a leave and speak with the Program Director. Together, the student and the Program Director will develop a plan for a return after leave of absence. If the leave is during the clinical internship, the Clinical Preceptor will also be involved in developing the plan. Approval of the plan must be granted by the Program Officials.
Academic, Student Standing and Graduation Policies

Medical Dosimetry Student Retention, Probation, and Dismissal
In order to remain as a student in good standing in the Medical Dosimetry program students must meet program requirements as per the following:

1. Grades of “C” or better must be earned in all required courses. The overall GPA must remain at or above 3.0 for graduate and certificate students.
2. Students must comply with program and University policies.
3. Students must make satisfactory progress in development of clinical skills and professional behavior.

Deficiencies
A student who does not meet program requirements for will be notified by the Program Director of the concern at the earliest possible time.
Following such notification, the Medical Dosimetry program officials will meet within 2 weeks to discuss the deficiency and make a determination of the action to be taken. It is preferred that the meeting be held with the student being given the opportunity to represent him/herself or to submit a written statement for review.
A decision as to the student’s status in the program will be communicated in writing to the student within 5 working days of the meeting. The decision may involve remedial work, probation or suspension from the program.
If the decision involves remediation or probation, an explanation of the “plan to regain good standing” in the program (including time frames) will be included in the letter to the student.
If the student successfully follows the plan and meets program requirements within the timeframe specified, he/she will regain good standing in the program.
If the student is not successful in following the plan and meeting program requirements within the specified timeframe, the Medical Dosimetry Advisory Committee will meet to determine the appropriate action. This meeting will be held within 2 weeks of the deadline specified in the “plan for regaining good standing”. The meeting will be held as described above. The Committee may recommend dismissal from the program.
A student may be classified as on probation or dismissed in regard to the program, even if not on probation, suspended, or expelled from the University.

Dismissal from the Medical Dosimetry Program: Academic
- Students will be automatically dismissed from the program if they obtain a grade of less than “C” (i.e. D or F) in any course in the curriculum.
- Students will be automatically dismissed from the program if the student’s cumulative GPA is not raised to 3.0 after one semester on probation.
- Academic misconduct
  These actions may be appealed. See the “Student Appeals Process” in this manual for more information on the Appeals process.

Once a student has been dismissed from the Medical Dosimetry Program, the student is not allowed to attend any courses within the program. Students are automatically dismissed from graduate studies upon dismissal from the Medical Dosimetry Program. The Program director and the Graduate Studies office will notify the student about the dismissal status by letter. This letter includes the reasons and cites the academic policies that have not been met. Academic dismissal for any reason may be appealed.
Dismissal from the Medical Dosimetry Program: Non-academic

A student may be dismissed from the Medical Dosimetry Program for the following non-academic violations:

- Failure to attend three classes in a semester (in a single course) without prior discussion with the course instructor or advisor.
- Failure or refusal to participate in classroom activities (verbal and non-verbal participation), evaluations (including practical and competency), classroom experiences, or internship placements.
- Failure to demonstrate safety protocols during competency and practicum coursework, or internship experiences. This includes preventable injury to classmates or patients.
- Failure to follow policies and procedures, protect confidentiality and patient’s rights in patient experiences or on internship experiences. This includes failure to follow policies in this manual.

Violation of these behaviors will be brought to the student’s attention and an individualized plan of correction developed with the advisor. Student failure to adhere to the plan of correction in the established time frames will result in automatic dismissal from the program. *These actions of the program may be appealed. See the “Student Appeals Process” in this manual for more information on the Appeals process.*
Academic Misconduct

1. Academic misconduct, and procedures to deal with it, have been defined by the Board of Regents of the University of Wisconsin System in UWS 14.03. The entire document can be found at: http://www.uwlax.edu/studentlife/academic_misconduct.htm Portions of that policy are included below.

2. Academic misconduct is an act in which a student:
   (a) Seeks to claim credit for the work or efforts of another without authorization or citation;
   (b) Uses unauthorized materials or fabricated data in any academic exercise;
   (c) Forges or falsifies academic documents or records;
   (d) Intentionally impedes or damages the academic work of others;
   (e) Engages in conduct aimed at making false representation of a student's academic performance; or
   (f) Assists other students in any of these acts.

3. The following are the disciplinary sanctions that may be imposed for academic misconduct in accordance with the procedures of ss. UWS 14.05, 14.06 or 14.07: (One or more of the disciplinary sanctions may be imposed for an incident of academic misconduct.)
   (a) An oral reprimand;
   (b) A written reprimand presented only to the student;
   (c) An assignment to repeat the work, to be graded on its merits;
   (d) A lower or failing grade on the particular assignment or test;
   (e) A lower grade in the course;
   (f) A failing grade in the course;
   (g) Removal of the student from the course in progress;
   (h) A written reprimand to be included in the student's disciplinary file;
   (i) Disciplinary probation; or
   (j) Suspension or expulsion from the university.

4. Procedures are detailed in the document referenced above. A summary of the main steps includes the following.
   a. When an instructor believes that a student enrolled in his/her course has engaged in academic misconduct, the instructor shall promptly offer to discuss the matter with the student. The purpose of this discussion is to permit the instructor to review with the student the bases for his or her belief that the student engaged in academic misconduct and to afford the student an opportunity to respond.
   b. If, as a result of this discussion the instructor determines that academic misconduct did occur and that a disciplinary sanction should be recommended, the instructor shall prepare a written report so informing the student, which shall contain the following:
      i. A description of the misconduct;
      ii. Specification of the sanction recommended;
      iii. Notice of the student's right to request a hearing before the academic misconduct hearing committee; and
      iv. A copy of the institutional procedures adopted to implement this section.
   c. The written report shall be delivered personally to the student or be mailed to the student by regular first class United States mail at his or her current address, as maintained at the institution. In addition, copies of the report
shall be provided to the institution's student affairs officer and to others authorized by institutional procedures.

d. A student who receives a written report under this section has the right to a hearing before the academic misconduct hearing committee under s. UWS 14.08 to contest the determination that academic misconduct occurred, or the choice of disciplinary sanction, or both. If the student desires the hearing before the academic misconduct hearing committee, the student must file a written request with the student affairs officer within 10 days of personal delivery or mailing of the written report. If the student does not request a hearing within this period, the determination of academic misconduct shall be regarded as final, and the disciplinary sanction recommended shall be imposed.

e. If a student requests a hearing, or a hearing is required to be scheduled under s. UWS 14.07(5)(c)2, the student affairs officer shall take the necessary steps to convene the academic misconduct hearing committee and shall schedule the hearing within 10 days of receipt of the request or written report, unless a different time period is mutually agreed upon by the student, instructor or investigating officer, and the members of the hearing committee.

i. The student shall have the right to question adverse witnesses, the right to present evidence and witnesses, and to be heard in his or her own behalf, and the right to be accompanied by a representative of his or her choice.

ii. The hearing committee shall prepare written findings of fact and a written statement of its decision based upon the record of the hearing.

iii. The committee may impose a disciplinary sanction that differs from the recommendation of the instructor or investigating officer.

iv. The instructor or the investigating officer or both may be witnesses at the hearing conducted by the committee, but do not have responsibility for conducting the hearing.

f. The decision of the hearing committee shall be served upon the student either by personal delivery or by first class United States mail and shall become final within 10 days of service.
Non-Academic Misconduct

1. Non-Academic misconduct, and procedures to deal with it, have been defined by the Board of Regents of the University of Wisconsin System in UWS 17.03. The entire document can be found at: http://www.uwlax.edu/studentlife/nonacademic-misconduct.htm. Portions of that policy are included below.

2. The university may discipline a student in nonacademic matters in the following situations:
   a. For conduct which constitutes a serious danger to the personal safety of a member of the university (or clinical internship site) community or guest.
   b. For stalking or harassment.
   c. For conduct that seriously damages or destroys university property or attempts to damage or destroy university (or clinical internship site) property, or the property of a member of such.
   d. For unauthorized possession of university (or clinical internship site) property or property of another member of such.
   e. For acts which violate the provisions of Ch. UWS 18, Conduct on University Lands.
   f. For knowingly making a false statement to any university (or clinical internship site) employee or agent on a university-related matter, or for refusing to identify oneself to such employee or agent.
   g. For violating a standard of conduct, or other requirement or restriction imposed in connection with disciplinary action.

3. The following are the disciplinary sanctions that may be imposed for nonacademic misconduct, in accordance with the procedures of ss. UWS 17.05 through 17.07:
   a. A reprimand;
   b. Denial of specified university privileges;
   c. Imposition of reasonable terms and conditions on continued student status;
   d. Restitution;
   e. Removal of the student from the course in progress;
   f. Disciplinary probation;
   g. Suspension; or
   h. Expulsion.

4. Process to be followed is covered in the document referenced above. Main or key steps are summarized below:
   a. An investigating officer will be appointed when allegations are made and will promptly conference with the student. If the student does not respond to the investigating officer's offer to discuss the matter, the investigating officer may proceed to make a determination on the basis of the available information.
   b. If the investigating officer determines that nonacademic misconduct did occur and that one or more of the disciplinary sanctions listed under s. UWS 17.04(1) should be recommended, the investigating officer shall prepare a written report so informing the student, which shall contain the following:
      i. A description of the misconduct;
      ii. Specification of the sanction sought;
      iii. Notice of the student's right to a hearing before the nonacademic misconduct hearing committee; and a copy of this chapter and of the institutional procedures adopted to implement this section.
   c. The written report shall be delivered personally to the student or be mailed to the student by regular first class United States mail at his or her current address, as maintained at the institution.
   d. A student who receives a written report under this section has the right to a hearing before the nonacademic misconduct hearing committee under s. UWS
17.06 to contest the determination that nonacademic misconduct occurred, or the choice of disciplinary sanction, or both.

e. If the student desires the hearing before the nonacademic misconduct hearing committee, the student must file a written request with the student affairs officer within 10 days of personal delivery or mailing of the written report.

f. If the student does not request a hearing within this period, the determination of nonacademic misconduct shall be regarded as final, and the disciplinary sanction sought shall be imposed.

g. If a student requests a hearing, or a hearing is required to be scheduled under s. UWS 17.05(3)(c)2, the student affairs officer shall take the necessary steps to convene the nonacademic misconduct hearing committee or have a hearing examiner designated, and shall schedule the hearing within 15 days of receipt of the request or written report. The hearing shall be conducted within 45 days of receipt of the request or written report, unless a different time period is mutually agreed upon by the student and investigating officer, or is ordered or permitted by the committee.

h. The decision of the hearing committee shall be prepared within 10 days of the hearing, and served upon the student either by personal delivery or by first class United States mail to his or her current address as maintained by the institution. The decision shall become final within 10 days of personal delivery or mailing.

Failure to comply with program policies or to make satisfactory progress in clinical skill and professional development.

1. A student who does not comply with program policies or is deficient in development of clinical skills or professional behavior will be notified of the concern by the Program Director at the earliest possible time after the non-compliance or deficiency is recognized and reported.

2. Following such notification, the Medical Dosimetry Advisory Committee will meet within 2 weeks to discuss the issue and make a determination of the action to be taken. It is preferred that the meeting be held in person with the student being given the opportunity to represent him/herself or to submit a written statement for the Committee’s review. Under certain circumstances a telephone or video conference call may be held instead of a face-to-face meeting.

3. A decision as to the student’s status in the program will be communicated in writing to the student within 5 working days of the Medical Dosimetry Advisory Committee meeting. The decision may involve remedial work, probation or suspension from the program.

4. If the decision involves remediation or probation, an explanation of the “plan to regain good standing” in the program (including time frames) will be included in the letter to the student.

5. If the student successfully follows the plan and meets program requirements within the timeframe specified, he/she will regain good standing in the program.

6. If the student is not successful in following the plan and meeting program requirements within the specified timeframe, the Medical Dosimetry Advisory Committee will meet to determine the appropriate action. This meeting will be held within 2 weeks of the end of the deadline specified in the “plan for regaining good standing”. The meeting will be held as described in number 2 above. The Committee may dismiss the student from the program.

7. A student may be classified as on probation or dismissed in regard to the program, even if not on probation, suspended, or expelled from the University.
Student Appeal Processes

Grade appeal process
The process for appealing a grade in the Medical Dosimetry program is consistent with the Bylaws and process maintained by the Health Professions Department.

1. If a student questions or disputes a final grade he/she must begin with an informal discussion with the instructor. This initial discussion must take place within 4 weeks of the posting of the grade. If the student does not accept the decision he/she may begin a formal grade appeal process with the following steps and time frames.

2. The request to appeal the grade must be put in writing and addressed to the individual course instructor within 6 weeks of posting of the grade.
   a. The appeal must contain the reason for the grade appeal and supporting materials.
   b. Acceptable reasons for appeal are limited to the following:
      o The instructor used different grading standards for this student’s work than for other students in the class.
      o Grading of the student was biased, arbitrary, or capricious.
   c. The instructor will contact the student within 5 working days of receipt of the appeal and schedule a formal meeting with the student. This meeting will be attended by the course instructor, another faculty member or program director, the student, and anyone else the student wishes to bring (if desired). If the course instructor is the program director, another faculty member or department chair will be asked to attend the meeting. The meeting will be recorded by notes and audiotape.
   d. The possible outcomes of this appeal hearing are:
      o Instructor accepts student’s and changes the grade
      o Student acknowledges instructor’s rationale for grade and accepts the grade
      o Instructor does not change the grade; student does not accept the decision and decides to appeal to the next level.
   e. The outcomes of the appeal will be documented by the course instructor within 5 working days after the hearing with a copy send to the student and placed in his/her file.

3. The next level of appeal is to the Program Director unless he or she has been involved in the initial appeal hearing with the individual faculty member or is the instructor.
   a. The request to appeal the grade will be put in writing and addressed to the program director within 5 working days of the receipt of the instructor’s decision. The appeal will contain the reason for the grade appeal and supporting materials. Acceptable reasons for appeal are the same as listed in 2.b. above.
   b. The program director will contact the student within 5 working days of receipt of the appeal and schedule a formal meeting with the student.
   c. This meeting will be attended by the program director, the student, and anyone else the student wishes to bring (if desired). The meeting will be recorded by notes and audiotape.
   d. The program director may seek additional information from the course instructor and /or student before rendering a judgment.
   e. The possible outcomes of this appeal hearing are:
      o Support for the instructor and a recommendation that the grade should stand as given.
      o Recommendation to instructor to change the grade
      o Student accepts the grade and ends the appeal process.
      o Student does not accept the grading decision and decides to appeal to the next level.
f. The outcomes of the appeal will be documented by the program director within 5 working days with a copy sent to the student and placed in his/her file.

4. The next level of appeal is to the department chair.
   a. The request to appeal the grade will be put in writing and addressed to the Health Professions Chair within 5 working days of the receipt of the decision of the Program Director. The appeal will contain the reason for the grade appeal and supporting materials. Acceptable reasons for appeal are limited to the above with the addition that:
      o The program director recommended a grade change to the instructor; but the instructor did not change the grade.
   b. The department chair will contact the student within 5 working days of receipt of the appeal and schedule a formal meeting with the student.
   c. This meeting will be attended by the department chair, the student, and anyone else the student wishes to bring (if desired).
   d. The meeting will be recorded by notes and audiotape.
   e. The department chair will speak to the course instructor after meeting with the student to gather information about the grading. The department chair may also formally seek additional information from the course instructor and /or student before rendering a judgment.
   f. The possible outcomes of this appeal hearing are:
      o Support for the instructor and a recommendation that the grade should stand as given.
      o Recommendation to instructor to change the grade
      o Student accepts the grade and ends appeal process.
      o Student does not accept the grading decision and decides to appeal to the next level.
   g. The outcomes of the appeal will be documented by the department chair with a copy send to the student and placed in his/her file within 5 working days after the meeting.

5. The next level of appeal is to the Health Professions Department.
   a. If the student wishes to pursue an appeal, the request for a formal appeal at the Health Professions Department Level must be filed with the department chair in writing within 5 working days after receipt of the decision from the department chair. The appeal will contain the reason for the grade appeal and supporting materials. Acceptable reasons for appeal are limited to the aforementioned reasons plus:
      o Department chair recommended a grade change to the instructor; instructor did not change the grade.
   b. The department chair, within 5 working days after receiving the appeal, will appoint the five-member ad hoc committee to hear the appeal as indicated in the bylaws:
      o Three faculty/staff of the program (whenever possible)
      o The instructor
      o One faculty/staff from outside of the program
   c. The department chair will appoint one of the committee members (other than the course instructor) to chair the committee. The department chair shall not be a member of this committee but will attend the committee meeting as observer and witness.
   d. This appeals committee will meet within 5 working days of receipt of the written grade appeal. The committee members will be given copies of the documentation of the previous 3 levels of appeal prior to the appeal hearing.
   e. The appeals hearing will be conducted as follows:
1. Student will be given 15 minutes to describe the basis for the appeal and provide supporting documentation to the committee.
   o Involved teacher will be given 15 minutes to describe the rationale for the grade and reason for not changing the grade.
   o Department chair will be asked to describe involvement in the situation and outcome of actions.
   o Student will be excused and committee will deliberate actions.
   o The committee may ask for additional information from any of the parties involved. The committee will specify the time frame for supplying the materials. The request for additional materials will be put in writing.
   o If additional materials are requested, the committee meeting will be adjourned. The committee will reconvene within one week after deadline for receipt of the requested materials.
   f. The possible decisions the committee can make are:
      1. Support the appeal and make a recommendation to the course instructor to change the grade.
      2. Deny the appeal and support the grade as given.
   g. The appeals committee chair will communicate the outcome of the appeal hearing in writing to the student, course instructor, and department chair within 5 days of the final committee hearing.
   h. A copy of the student written appeal and the response of the committee will be given to the student and placed in the student’s permanent record.

6. A final grade will be determined by the Instructor and will be communicated to the Student within 5 working days of receiving the committee’s recommendation.

Non-Grade Appeal Process
A. If a student has concerns about actions of instructors or program officials which are construed to be related to discrimination or sexual harassment the following actions should be taken:
   1. If the student is on campus, he/she should first speak with the Program Director.
      o Following that discussion, if the student wishes to pursue additional discussion and/or a formal complaint he/she will be directed to speak with the Affirmative Action Officer.
      o The process that is involved regarding concerns about discrimination on the basis of the student's race, color, creed, religion, sex, national origin, disability, ancestry, age, sexual orientation, pregnancy, marital status or parental status can be found at http://www.uwlaux.edu/studentlife/Policies.htm
      o The process that is involved regarding concerns about sexual harassment can be found at http://www.uwlaux.edu/aaod/policies/policies_sexual_assault.htm
   2. If the student is at internship:
      a. He/she should first speak with the Clinical Supervisor at his/her site.
      b. Following that discussion, if the student wishes to pursue additional discussion and/or a formal complaint he/she will be directed to speak with the appropriate officer at the internship site.
         ▪ The Program Director will also be apprised of the situation by the student and the Clinical Supervisor.
      c. A student who feels that the matter has not been satisfactorily addressed through the process at the site may petition in writing the
Medical Dosimetry Advisory Committee for a change in internship site assignment.

d. The Medical Dosimetry Advisory Committee will meet within 2 weeks of receiving the appeal and will respond to the student in regard to his/her petition within 2 weeks after the meeting.

e. A student who wishes to appeal the decision of the Medical Dosimetry Advisory Committee may do so by contacting the Health Professions Department Chair in writing within 5 working days following receipt of the Medical Dosimetry Advisory Committee decision.

f. The Chair will contact the student within 5 working days and schedule a meeting with him/her and whomever else is mutual agreed upon within 10 working days.

g. The Chair will make a recommendation to either support the decision of the Medical Dosimetry Advisory Committee or suggest an alternative decision to that Committee within 5 working days of the meeting.

h. If the student wishes to pursue further appeal, he/she must notify the Chair of Health Professions within 5 working days of receiving the prior decision.

i. The Chair will convene an ad hoc of 3-5 faculty, staff or adjunct faculty members and they will meet within 10 working days of the student’s receipt of the earlier decision. The student and other agreed upon persons may attend, but will not be voting members.

j. The decision of this Committee communicated to the program and the student within 5 working days of the meeting and will be final.

B. Students may appeal a program decision or action which he/she feels is unfair, biased, arbitrary or capricious.

1. If the program decision or action of concern is a result of alleged academic or non-academic misconduct on the part of the student the appropriate appeal process is determined by either UWS 14.03 or UWS 17.03 and can be found above.

2. If the program decision or action of concern is not related to student conduct, discrimination or sexual harassment, the following process is to be followed:

   a. The student should contact the Program Director as soon as possible following the decision or action of concern to discuss the situation.

   b. The Program Director will schedule a meeting with the student within 5 working days of the contact. If the student is at internship site, this meeting may be by telephone.

   c. If the student wishes to submit a formal appeal of the decision or action, he/she must do so in writing to the Medical Dosimetry Advisory Committee (by contacting the Program Director or the Clinical Supervisor at his/her site) within 30 days of the original decision or action.

   d. The Medical Dosimetry Advisory Committee will meet within 10 working days of receipt of the appeal notice. It is preferred that the meeting be held in person with the student being given the opportunity to represent him/herself or to submit a written statement for the Committee’s review. Under certain circumstances a telephone or video conference call may be held instead of a face-to-face meeting.

   e. The Committee will communicate its decision in writing to the student within 5 working days following its meeting.

   f. A student who wishes to appeal the decision of the Medical Dosimetry Advisory Committee may do so by contacting the Health Professions Department Chair in writing within 5 working days following the receipt of the decision.
g. The Chair will contact the student within 5 working days and schedule a meeting with him/her and whomever else is mutual agreed upon within 10 working days.

h. The Chair will make a recommendation to either support the decision of the Medical Dosimetry Advisory Committee or suggest an alternative decision to that Committee and the student within 5 working days of the meeting.

i. If the student wishes to pursue further appeal, he/she must notify the Chair of Health Professions within 5 working days of receiving the prior decision.

j. The Chair will convene an ad hoc of 3-5 faculty, staff or adjunct faculty members and they will meet within 10 working days of the student’s receipt of the earlier decision. The student and other agreed upon persons may attend, but will not be voting members.

k. The decision of the ad hoc Health Professions Committee will be communicated to the student in writing within 5 working days following their meeting.

l. If the student is not satisfied with the decision of the Health Professions ad hoc Committee, he/she may appeal in writing to the Dean’s Office within 5 working days.

m. The Dean will review the information about the case that has been gathered and may meet with the student and/or program director and/or departmental chair within 10 working days of the students appeal.

n. The Dean’s decision will be communicated to the student in writing within 10 working days of the meeting. The Dean’s decision is final.
**Fairness Policies**

1. The University and the Clinical Internship sites believe strongly in their non-discriminatory policy, that admission and treatment of students in classes, clinical internship will not be affected by student characteristics of gender, race, color, creed, religion, national origin, disability, ancestry, age, sexual orientation, pregnancy, marital or parental status or relationship to employees.

2. The University and its Clinical Affiliates believe in hiring and promoting faculty and employees according to the above non-discriminatory statement.

3. Due process will be followed in any complaints against students in academic or non-academic concerns as detailed in the Eagle Eye on the UW-L web page.

4. There is a mechanism for addressing of student grievances or appeals found in the Eagle Eye on the UW-L web page. Students in the program are also encouraged to consult the program director for any concerns. If that does not satisfy the student, an Advisory Committee for the program has been formed and can be appealed to.

5. If a student has concerns about the program which are not resolved through the grievance policy and procedures and if he/she feels that the program is not in compliance with JRCERT accreditation standards, or feels that the quality of instruction or general welfare of the students within the program is jeopardized, he/she may submit allegations of non-compliance directly to the JRCERT. Please see the JRCERT policy and allegations reporting form in appendix B of this handbook.

6. Sexual harassment will not be tolerated. See the policy in the Eagle Eye on the UW-L web page.

7. A student’s behavior in the clinical setting must conform to policies and rules established by the affiliated institution. Failure to conform may result in probation, or dismissal from that site. The Advisory Committee and Program Officials will be consulted to protect the student and the institution’s interests as much as possible.

8. The number of students selected into the program will be limited by the number of clinical internship sites available for the school year. The University and Program officials will do everything possible to guarantee sufficient sites for placement. However, actual placement is not guaranteed. It will be done following a successful interview process and offer of placement from one of the clinical internship sites.

9. Program officials will make every effort to assure that activities assigned to students in academic and clinical courses will be for educational purposes.
**Grading Policy**

**Didactic**

1. The following grade scale will be used for Medical Dosimetry didactic coursework whenever possible:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Score Range</th>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>GPA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>94 – 100</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>4.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>92 – 93</td>
<td>A/B</td>
<td>3.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>86 – 91</td>
<td>B</td>
<td>3.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>84 – 85</td>
<td>B/C</td>
<td>2.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>78 – 83</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>2.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>76 – 77</td>
<td>C/D</td>
<td>1.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70 – 75</td>
<td>D</td>
<td>1.0</td>
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<tr>
<td>---- 69</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>0.0</td>
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</tbody>
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2. The program director may use a different grading scale or grade an exam on a curve.

**Clinical**

The grade for a clinical practicum course will be determined by clinical competency testing, clinical evaluations by clinical preceptors, and written assignments per the course syllabus.

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**Policy in Regard to Records and Release of Information**

1. The release of information to and about students is in conformance with the Family Education Rights and Privacy Act, as amended in 1975.
2. A formal record of each student’s grades is maintained. A student will be shown clinical internship records at quarterly evaluations with the Clinical Supervisors. A student may also inspect his/her own records upon making an appointment with the Clinical Supervisor at other times.
3. Student records are securely kept in the office of the Clinical Supervisor. Records will also be maintained under strict security by University of Wisconsin – La Crosse in perpetuity.
4. Any information regarding the student’s academic or clinical performance is confidential. An authorization for release of any information must be made in writing by the student or graduate to the Records and Registration Office. Clinical internship records must be requested from the internship site.
5. Government officials or officials of the school’s accrediting bodies may have access to the student records for the purpose of official business upon presentation of identification and statement of the purpose of viewing the records.
6. Upon completion of the program, a student may request a copy of his/her grade transcript. This copy will be marked "personal copy".
I, (print name) ________________________________, hereby grant permission to ________________________________ to serve as a reference and to release information to employers, educational institutions, and foundations for the purpose of assisting me in obtaining employment, admission to graduate or professional school, fellowships, and/or scholarships. I further consent to the disclosure of information regarding my academic and extracurricular performance, specifically including grades, attendance, demonstrated skills, and objectives.

Signature: ____________________________________________________________

Date: ________________________________

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Student has sent applications to the following institutions:

Record of References Given- To be Completed by Person Giving Reference

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Place/Contact Name</th>
<th>Type of information given</th>
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</table>
Essential Functions of a Medical Dosimetrist

“The Medical Dosimetrist is a member of the radiation oncology team who has knowledge of overall characteristics and clinical relevance of radiation oncology treatment and planning equipment, is cognizant of procedures commonly used in brachytherapy and has the education and expertise necessary to generate radiation dose distributions and dose calculations.” (From the AAMD Guidelines for a Recognized Educational Program in Medical Dosimetry).

Persons contemplating education preparation to enter this profession should be aware of the essential functions of the medical dosimetrist in order to guide their career decision making and estimate their success in the field.

According to the MDCB Scope of Practice, the following are essential functions of the profession:

1. Obtain and synthesize pertinent clinical data to facilitate the radiation oncology process.

2. Participate in the development of optimal treatment strategies. This includes, but is not limited to, the generation of radiation dose distributions and the performance of dose calculations.

3. Document treatment parameters associated with the radiation therapy process.

4. Participate in implementation of prescribed treatment courses.

5. Evaluate, critique, and recommend changes to the radiation therapy process as necessary.

6. Provide patient and public education and promote principles of good health.

7. Adhere to the established Standards of Medical Dosimetrist Practice and Code of Ethics.

In addition to the Statement on the Scope and the Standards of Medical Dosimetry Practice, each medical dosimetrist must exercise professional and prudent judgment in determining whether the performance of a given act is within the scope of practice for which the medical dosimetrist is clinically competent to perform.
Personal Student Use of Social Networking Sites

The University of Wisconsin-La Crosse (UW-L) Medical Dosimetry Program recognizes that social networking websites and applications, including but not limited to Facebook, MySpace, Twitter and blogs, are an important and timely means of communication. Students, faculty and staff are reminded that they should have no expectation of privacy on social networking sites. Students, faculty and staff must also be aware that posting certain information is illegal. Violation may expose the offender to criminal and civil liability. Offenses may be considered non-academic misconduct and be subject to the appropriate policies and procedures.

The following actions are strictly forbidden:

- In your professional role as a caregiver, you may not present the personal health information of other individuals. Removal of an individual’s name does not constitute proper de-identification of protected health information. Inclusion of data such as age, gender, race, diagnosis, date of evaluation, or type of treatment or the use of a highly specific medical photograph (such as a photograph of a patient undergoing Radiation Therapy or a photograph of a patient treatment plan) may still allow the reader to recognize the identity of a specific individual.
- You may not report private (protected) academic information of another student or trainee. Such information might include, but is not limited to: course grades, narrative evaluations, examination scores, or adverse academic actions.
- In posting information on social networking sites, you may not present yourself as an official representative or spokesperson for the University of Wisconsin-La Crosse Medical Dosimetry Program or affiliate organizations.
- You may not represent yourself as another person, real or fictitious, or otherwise attempt to obscure your identity as a means to circumvent the prohibitions listed above and below.

In addition to the absolute prohibitions listed above, the actions listed below are strongly discouraged. Violations of these suggested guidelines may be considered unprofessional behavior and may be the basis for disciplinary action.

- Display of vulgar language.
- Display of language or photographs that imply disrespect for any individual or group because of age, race, gender, ethnicity or sexual orientation.
- Presentation of personal photographs or photographs of others that may reasonably be interpreted as condoning irresponsible use of alcohol, substance abuse or sexual promiscuity.
- Presentation of personal engagement in illegal activities including use of recreational drugs.
- Posting of potentially inflammatory or unflattering material on another individual’s website, e.g. on the “wall” of that individual’s Facebook site.

When using these social networking websites/applications, students are strongly encouraged to use a personal e-mail address, rather than their UW-L email address, as their primary means of identification. Individuals also should make every effort to present themselves in a mature, responsible, and professional manner. Discourse should always be civil and respectful.
Student Organization Use of Social Networking Sites

Registered student organizations that use social networking sites are required to include their advisor and/or the Director of Student Affairs for continuity purposes. Student organizations are not to represent themselves as official representatives or spokespersons for the University of Wisconsin La Crosse or affiliate organizations and are subject to the university’s identity standards. Violation of this policy may be considered non-academic misconduct in addition to the student organization losing their official registration status with the university.

*This policy was adapted with permission from the University of Kansas Medical Center for use in UW-La Crosse Health Professions Programs.
Health and Safety Policies

The University of Wisconsin - La Crosse program in Medical Dosimetry is interested in promoting good health for students, instructors and patients. The following policies have been developed to attain that goal.

1. Students at the various clinical sites must carry health insurance to cover medical expenses during the program.

2. All applicants are informed of the “Essential Functions of a Medical Dosimetrist”. They are to consider whether the functions of the position of a medical dosimetrist and medical dosimetry student are within their abilities, with or without accommodation.

3. If it is determined that the student requires reasonable accommodation to perform the “Essential Functions”, the clinical internship site and the University will make every effort to provide such accommodation.

4. Students beginning their clinical internship are required to have a health screening done prior to attendance. Typically included are: a chicken pox titer, if not previously done, required immunizations, and TB testing (Refer to Appendix D).

5. Should a student become injured during the clinical portion of their training, he/she may be permitted to be treated on an emergency basis at the clinical site, with expenses billed to his/her insurance carrier. A University of Wisconsin system incident report must be submitted.

6. In orientation to the clinical internship site, students will be made aware of precautions to be taken in caring for patients. Universal precautions/standard precaution measures are to be strictly adhered to for safety of students, staff and patients.

7. If a student should be exposed to patient body fluid by a needle stick, OSHA recommendations will be followed and the student will be seen by hospital personnel. A University of Wisconsin system incident report must be submitted.

8. Policy on reporting of communicable diseases: In the interest of protecting radiotherapy patients from exposure to communicable disease, the University of Wisconsin – La Crosse and its clinical affiliates request that students contracting such diseases inform the clinical supervisor. Upon such notification, the program officials will advise the student on the appropriate steps to take to avoid patient exposure. Such steps may include counseling on proper hand washing technique, the wearing of a mask or physical absence from the area when immuno-compromised patients are treated. All such information given by student to program officials will be held in strict confidence and will not be used against the student.

9. If the student is exposed to a communicable disease at the clinical internship site, for example by a needle stick, he/she must report the exposure to the Clinical Preceptor who will inform the Program Director and Medical Advisor. The student will be sent to Employee Health for evaluation and/or treatment. A University of Wisconsin system incident report must be submitted.

10. In orientation to the clinical internship, students will be educated in regard to hazardous materials used at the affiliate site. MSDS sheets for commonly used materials will be shared. Students are expected to use safe handling procedures as they are taught.
11. Sickness Policy: Interns are required to follow the below requirements regarding sickness. If an intern presents with the following conditions, it is the educational directors discretion to send the intern home or accept the intern into the clinical setting based on the below examples. The intern will have to take vacation time for his/her absence.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Condition</th>
<th>Too sick for clinical internship</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>General Illness</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fever</td>
<td>• No clinical or patient care until fever is gone</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Skin Conditions</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hand Dermatitis</td>
<td>• Skin is cracked and bleeding at any time prior to, during or after work shift.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Open wounds          | • Wound is located on the hands or face and is draining or not healed over, and duties involve patient contact.  
                        | • Wound is located under clothing but dressings are saturated by the end of the shift and duties involve patient contact. |
| Rash                 | • Generalized rash with an unknown cause.  
                        | • Small blisters located on hands and face or a large area on body trunk.  
                        | • Rash appears like tiny broken blood vessels or bruises with mild fever.  
                        | • Rash has spots or pimples and is accompanied by a fever. |
| Herpes Simplex       | • Lesion is located on hands.  
                        | • Lesions are open and draining.  
                        | • Lesions are located on face and duties include patient contact in high-risk areas. |
| Pediculosis (lice)   | • No work until confirmed that transmission is not possible following appropriate treatment. |
| Impetigo             | • No work until medical treatment started.  
                        | • No skin-to-skin contact until resolved. |
| Conjunctivitis       | • Excessive tearing with discharge, sensitivity to light, itching, redness, or swelling. No work |
- Upper Respiratory

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Condition</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Cough              | - Accompanied by a fever.  
                      - Has a >2 week duration and accompanied by night sweats, fever, weight loss, hemoptysis or a positive PPD (tuberculosis test).  
                      - Severe or persistent coughing spells.                                                                                                  |
| Sore throat        | - Accompanied by fever, white spots on tonsils, swollen glands or skin rash.                                                                  |
| Strep throat       | - Following a positive throat culture, need 24 hours of medication and feeling better clinically.                                           |
| Nasal congestion   | - Nasal secretions are so persistent that hands cannot be washed after each tissue use.  
                      - Accompanied by a fever, sinus pain and colored discharge.                                                                              |
| Diphtheria         | - No work until antimicrobial therapy completed and two cultures at least 24 hours apart are negative.                                         |
| Influenza          | - Combination of muscle aches, sore throat, cough, mild cough, runny nose, headache, light sensitivity or intestinal symptoms.              |
| Upper Respiratory Infection | - Requires staying home until symptoms are resolved to prevent spread of disease to immuno-compromised patients.               |
| Pertussis (Whooping Cough) | - Requires staying home and being on medication for 24-48 hours.  
                      - May return to clinical assignment with medical permission.                                                                            |

- Gastrointestinal Symptoms

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Condition</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Nausea             | - Present with yellowing of the skin or eyes.  
                      - Accompanied with other general complaints (e.g. headache, fever, fatigue or yellowing of skin)                                      |
| Vomiting           | - Difficulty maintaining hygiene practices or sanitary conditions.  
                      - Accompanied by other intestinal symptoms (e.g. increase flatus, nausea, vomiting or other unusual stool characteristics). |
| Diarrhea                                                                 | • Difficulty in maintaining hygiene practices or sanitary conditions.  
|• An increased number of bowel movements with an acute onset due to an unknown cause (3 loose stools in 24 hour time period).  
|• Accompanied by a fever, headache, or fatigue.  
|• Accompanied by other intestinal symptoms. |
|---|---|
| Convalescent Salmonella | • No work with high risk, immuno-compromised patients until documentation of 2 consecutive negative stool cultures, 24 hours apart.  
|---|---|

- If an intern is on narcotic prescription drugs, the intern will not be allowed to participate in clinical activities due to the potential side effects and altered mental status.  
- The return to work protocol and other illness related clinical situations to follow hospital policy of the internship site.

11. Policy on student pregnancy:

*The following policy has been developed to guide the program and its students in the event of a student pregnancy.*

1. The U. S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Regulatory Guide 8.13 regarding “Possible Health Risks to Children of Women Who are Exposed to Radiation During Pregnancy” can be found in appendix A. Female students are to read this document as well as the pregnancy policy and complete and return the associated form to be kept in program records.  

2. All students will be made aware of risks and hazards of prenatal radiation exposure during coursework at UW-L and upon orientation to the clinical internship.  

3. A student who is pregnant, or suspects that she may be, has the option to voluntarily declare that condition to program officials.  

   - If the student decides to declare the pregnancy it shall be done in writing to the Program Director and/or the Clinical Supervisor of her internship site. The notification shall also include the expected date of delivery.  
   - A student may “undeclare” her pregnancy at any time. The student should submit a written withdrawal of declaration of her pregnancy status. This should also be submitted to the Program Director or Educational Coordinator and/or Clinical Preceptor if attending internship.  
   - The program will comply with student confidentiality requests as much as possible.
4. If a student declares a pregnancy, a counseling session will be set up with the radiation safety officer at the student’s clinical internship site to review radiation exposure risks and any additional monitoring practices which may be initiated.

5. A declared pregnant student may choose one of the options below (or may choose to change to a different option at a later time if desired, with written notice):

1. She may take a leave of absence from the program. (See policy for leave of absence.) Should the declared pregnant student decide to leave the program during pregnancy and delivery, tuition will be refunded according to the Tuition Refund Policy. In this circumstance the student would be readmitted to the program at the first available opening after delivery.

2. She may stay in the program, but make modifications in her clinical rotation schedules to reduce the chance of exposure to the fetus. For example she will not participate in brachytherapy treatments or proton treatments (or other site specific rotations as recommended by the Radiation Safety Officer) during the time of the pregnancy. Competency and experience in all required areas will be made up following delivery. This could delay graduation beyond the originally expected date.

3. She may decide to stay in the program and/or internship during pregnancy and continue the program without modification of learning activities or clinical rotations. If she decides to do this, she does so in full knowledge of the potential hazard of embryo/fetal radiation exposure. If a student selects this option, it is recommended that she consult her personal physician in this regard. She must indicate in writing her intention to continue with the program without modification. A copy of documentation of this decision will be kept in the student’s file.

6. If delivery occurs during clinical internship, all course work and clinical time must be completed before the student is eligible for graduation and to apply to take the MDCB examination.
Radiation Safety Policies

Radiation safety policies are developed for the protection of the students, staff, and patients. Students are required to exercise sound radiation protection practices at all times. At no time may a student participate in a procedure utilizing unsafe protection practices.

Patient Safety
1. During treatment planning, the fields should be designed to minimize the amount of radiation exposure to the patient and normal tissues while effectively radiating the treatment volume.
2. Calculations and plans completed by the student will be double checked by the medical dosimetrists and/or physicists.
3. Students involved in simulation and treatment setups are to be supervised at all times by the medical dosimetrists and/or physicists.
4. Any errors in planning or charting are immediately communicated to the supervising medical dosimetrist, medical physicist, and radiation oncologist in charge of the patient’s care.

Radiation Safety
1. Students receive instruction on radiation safety during didactic courses such as DOS 516 Radiation Safety for Medical Dosimetrists.
2. Orientation to the clinical internship includes a review of radiation safety measures and requirements by the Radiation Safety Officer.
3. A radiation-monitoring badge, issued by the clinical affiliate, must be worn by the student(s) at all times while in the clinical internship setting. This badge should be worn as directed by the Radiation Safety Officer. This badge should not be worn while having diagnostic medical or dental radiographs taken.
4. Students not wearing the monitoring badge will not be permitted in the clinical internship site.
5. An accident with, or the loss of, badge(s) must be reported immediately to the Radiation Safety Officer.
6. Students, staff, and visitors are not allowed in the simulation or treatment rooms during the exposures or treatment.
7. If the student is in the simulator or High Dose Rate Afterloader room during fluoroscopy, he/she will wear a lead apron.
8. When rotating through brachytherapy, if the student is loading or unloading sources, a ring badge must be worn. Students must remember to put to use the techniques of time, distance and shielding.
9. Students will be given counseling regarding radiation safety practices as necessary.

Radiation Monitoring & Excessive Doses
1. Radiation Dosimeter reports are reviewed monthly by the Radiation Safety Officer at the clinical internship sites. The reports are posted in the clinical internship site with personal identity information protected.
2. Monthly radiation exposures for students must not exceed the dosage of 50 mRem to occupationally exposed persons which may be less than or equivalent to the maximum permissible dose established by the state and federal agencies for radiologic health.
3. If abnormal (high) readings are present, the radiation safety officer, clinical preceptor and program officials will investigate the cause. This may include interviews with students, clinical instructors, clinical preceptors and other relevant individuals. The objective of this investigation will be to learn why the student received the excessive dose and to determine what type of corrective action may be needed.
4. A report of the information obtained and subsequent corrective action will be provided to the student. This action will be enforced and the results of the investigation and corrective action will be placed in the student’s file and program files for future reference.

5. The Radiation Safety Officer and Program Officials will counsel the student to include the risk from radiation exposure, the reason for the exposure (if possible to determine), and changes in work habits, procedures, and equipment as appropriate. The student will be monitored closely to ensure they are following the corrective action plan.
Clinical Internship Sites

Each site must meet the medical dosimetry program requirements for student clinical internship at their site. These requirements are as follows:

**Staff Requirements**
- Board certified Radiation Oncologist
- Board certified Medical Physicist
- Board certified Medical Dosimetrist

**Equipment**
- Treatment machine (>6MV)
- Treatment machine (< or = 6MV)
- Treatment machine generating electrons
- Conventional simulator with TPCT or CT simulator
- Ion chamber and other calibration equipment (including in-vivo)

**Treatment Accessories**
- Custom blocks or MLC
- Immobilization devices
- Wedges and compensating filters (physical or dynamic)

**Radiation Protection Services**
- External beam (3D and IMRT)
- Brachytherapy planning services
- Facility accredited by JCAHO, ACR, or State Agency

**Preferred** (if the facility prefers the student remain on site for online coursework hours)
- Computer and space for independent study
- Library with relevant books and journals
Clinical Internship Attendance Policies

I. General Information

- The clinical internship is scheduled for approximately 12 months.
- It will begin in early January and ends the middle part of December.
- The student receives one week off during a spring break. The student will also be off on scheduled holidays and during semester breaks as dictated by the UW-La Crosse. Additional time off will be arranged between the Clinical Preceptor and the Educational Coordinator.
- The students will be present at the clinical affiliate for a 40 hour week. The didactic coursework time is approximately 8-10 hours within this 40 hour week, depending on the semester. Students are not to be in attendance more than 40 hours in a week’s time.
- The purpose of time use regulation is to maximize the clinical education of students, assure fairness and equity between students and foster good work habits for future job success.

II. Daily Hours

- Students will be expected to report for an 8-hour day with beginning and ending times designated by the Clinical Preceptor. Variations of these hours must be made in advance and approved by the Clinical Preceptor.
- Students are responsible for entering their hours into the electronic time cards.
- One fifteen minute break, given in the morning and one in the afternoon, may be taken as approved by the appropriate clinical instructor.
- Lunch break will be 30 minutes long and is arranged between the clinical instructor and the individual student.
- If the department policy is to take a one hour lunch and not take am/pm breaks, the student should follow this policy.
- Students will be fulfilling 8.5 hours daily with .5 hour of that time designated as lunch time. The student time card would reflect, for example, 8:00 – 2:30 clinical; 2:30 – 4:30 didactic.
- Early or late hours: should a patient planning situation of particular interest arise, that would necessitate attendance beyond normal hours, a student may volunteer to stay to observe and assist. However, the time should be deducted from clinic the following day. If this occurs on a Friday, the time should be deducted the following Monday.
  1. Time spent over 40 hours/week in this manner will be compensated to the student with equal time off at a time arranged between the student and the Clinical Preceptor (should be the next clinical day).
- Breaks may not be used to make up time.
- If clinical instructors tell a student that he/she may leave early, the student may use time and do so and note the time on his/her timecard.

III. Personal Time Off (PTO)

A. The student will be granted 5 days of PTO.
B. Students are required to request time off in advance with the approval of the clinical preceptor. Time off cannot be used the last week of clinical internship.
C. Students are required to notify the Clinical Preceptor or to leave a message at the front desk when they call to indicate absence for sick leave prior to the beginning of the school day.
D. A student who misses three consecutive school days due to illness, must bring a doctor’s clearance upon returning to school.

E. Up to two interview days will be granted, if needed, for the student to schedule job interviews.

IV. Scheduled Breaks
   A. A spring break will be scheduled per the program spring break schedule.
   B. Clinical breaks in between semesters are dictated by the UW-La Crosse didactic semesters.

V. Holidays
   Holidays observed are: Martin Luther King Day, Memorial Day, Fourth of July, Labor Day, Thanksgiving (and Friday following).

VI. Funeral attendance/Bereavement time
   A. Students are allowed up to three days of time upon the death of a close family member for bereavement and funeral attendance.
   B. Students may have time to attend the funeral of a friend or other significant person upon the discretion of the Clinical Preceptor.
   C. For any use of time for this purpose, the Program Director is to be consulted.

VII. Incomplete (insufficient) time
   If a student uses more time than allowed for PTO and becomes deficient in the standard amount of time required by the clinical affiliate for graduation, the student will be required to spend the appropriate amount of time to be made up in the department during a normal work day under the supervision of a clinical instructor. Upon completion of the deficient time, the student will receive his/her diploma and will be declared a graduate of the program. Student’s may voluntarily “makeup” time used in excess for leave or other reasons by:
   1. Starting early or staying late in the clinic, involved in valuable clinical experience beyond the eight hour day or on weekends (supervised by the Clinical Preceptor or Clinical Instructor.)
   2. Above time must be noted on the time card and approved by the supervising clinical instructor.
   3. Excessive absenteeism may be brought by the Clinical Preceptor of the student’s internship site to the Advisory Committee, which will recommend action to be taken. Actions can include probation and dismissal from the program.

VIII. Mandatory Attendance Requirements
   A. General
      1. The student is required to attend designated didactic coursework time, unless ill or on approved leave.
      2. Coursework time is prescheduled by the Clinical Preceptor. The Clinical Supervisor will inform students of coursework time which is cancelled and rescheduled.
      3. If a student fails to fulfill the required coursework or exams in the scheduled time, their grade on this work will be lowered one full letter grade.
   B. Conferences
      1. All students will attend conferences within the clinical site as scheduled by the Clinical Preceptor.
      2. Students are required to join the American Association of Medical Dosimetrists (AAMD) professional society and encouraged to attend the regional or annual
educational meeting. If the student belongs to a state radiation therapy society, they are encouraged to attend this educational meeting as well.

Inclement Weather Policy

Living and going to school in some states can sometimes be challenging due to the weather. There are times that attendance may be affected by the weather. The policy regarding attendance during those times is as follows:

1. If any of the clinical internship sites cancel patient treatments due to weather, clinical internship will be cancelled and no time deducted from the student (e.g. snow day).

2. If a student feels that they cannot safely attend clinical assignment due to weather, they must call the clinical site and communicate that decision. They will be able to use personal time or make up the time at a later date.

Policy Regarding Employment of Students Medical Dosimetry

1. Students may be employed in a clinical radiation oncology facility outside educational hours provided the work does not interfere with the educational program.
2. The student should not be involved in unsupervised treatment planning of patients.
3. The work must be non-compulsory, paid and subject to employee regulations.
4. The student employed during training is not covered during hours worked in that employment for liability by the University of Wisconsin – La Crosse or the clinical affiliate hospital.
Responsibilities of a Student Medical Dosimetrist

The student medical dosimetrist is a member of an allied health team dedicated to the diagnosis and treatment of disease. Under the supervision of qualified radiation oncologists, medical dosimetrists, medical physicists, and other related professionals such as radiation therapists, nurses, and radiobiologists, the student receives didactic and clinical education in the art and science of medical dosimetry.

Student’s Responsibilities are:

1. Contributing to the department and hospital in such a way as to promote the highest quality patient care by:
   - Treating all patients with the utmost care and respect
   - Adhering to all Federal, State, and local laws and regulations regarding the confidential nature of information concerning patients and their treatment in hospital
   - Being sensitive to the special needs and concerns of patients and their families
   - Insuring the safety of patient, staff, personnel, and students. Carelessness cannot and will not be tolerated
   - Accurately generate treatment planning according to the specifications and orders of the physicians and physicists
   - Maintaining a high quality of work in both clinical and didactic areas
2. Obtaining proficiency in all areas of didactic and clinical education by:
   - Attending all classes and clinical assignments as scheduled
   - Completing didactic and clinical assignments on time
   - Participating in clinical activities under the direction of clinical instructors. Students are not allowed to generate treatment plans on their own. They must be supervised by certified medical dosimetrists and/or certified medical physicists. Students can be assured that they will not be used in place of paid staff. Students may write in patient charts, but must be double-checked and co-initialed by a certified medical dosimetrist or medical physicist
   - Using clinical time wisely and practicing skills when not participating in treatment planning
   - Accepting instruction and correction in a professional and positive manner
   - Utilizing all opportunities to improve skills and knowledge in the field of medical dosimetry
3. Demonstrating personal conduct indicative of a mature health care professional by:
   - Being prompt for class time, conferences and clinical rotations
   - Entering hospital/clinic in full student uniform with a valid name tag
   - Being dependable, accepting tasks and responsibilities as they are delegated
   - Students may not drink alcoholic beverages or use drugs that affect sensory or motor skills during school hours. Nor will students be allowed to let such use on personal time affect their performance during school hours
   - Treating the equipment with respect. Informing proper personnel of problems that may arise with equipment
   - Reporting any clinical mistakes to the proper authorities
   - Maintaining high ethical and moral standards in clinical and didactic experiences
   - Following policies and procedures of the clinical affiliate
   - Abiding by hospital policies, as amended from time to time
Students are Responsible to:

1. Clinical Instructor
2. Clinical Preceptor
3. Educational Coordinator
4. Program Director
5. Medical Advisor

Clinical Assignments

Students will rotate through the following clinical areas to receive training and experience. They will track their rotations through an electronic clinical management system.

a. **Dosimetry**: training in measurement, calculation, and optimization of dose delivery for treatments

b. **Simulation and/or CT**: Initiation of treatment process while determining planning approach to treatment combined with determination of patient position, definition of treatment fields, design of treatment accessories and devices, and documentation

c. **Treatment Machines**: reproducibility of simulation; implementation of treatment planning and calculation parameters; evaluation of accurate and precise treatment delivery

d. **Brachytherapy**: preparation of brachytherapy sources and equipment; assist in localization verification; execute treatment planning of intracavitary or interstitial brachytherapy procedures (HDR or LDR)

e. **Special Procedures**: include procedures such as stereotactic radiosurgery, stereotactic radiotherapy, superficial treatments, total body or skin irradiation, respiratory gating, craniospinal irradiation

f. **Radiation Measurements**: application of special methods of radiation measurements including ion chambers, TLD’s, diodes, or film.

g. **Chart Checks**: weekly checks of parameters in patient charts; ensuring proper treatment documentation

h. **Quality Assurance**: routine QA procedures in department; QA of machines and equipment in the radiation oncology department

The form on the next page is an example of how students will be tracking rotations electronically. **This form is not used in a hard copy format.**
**Simulation/CT**
- Observe and assist in simulation processes
- Assist in production of immobilization devices
- Assist in design of treatment accessories and devices
- Assist in chart documentation of simulation parameters

**Treatment Machine**
- Assist in reproducibility of simulation
- Assist in implementation of simulation, plan, or calculation parameters
- Assist in evaluation of accurate treatment delivery and troubleshoot specific treatment inaccuracies

**Dosimetry**
- Download CT or MRI scans into planning computer
- Successful contour segmentation of appropriate anatomical organs
- Use treatment planning computer to successfully plan basic, intermediate or complex treatments
- Perform calculations necessary to deliver radiation treatments
- Accurate programming of chart with simulation/plan parameters

**Chart Checks**
- Perform weekly check of parameters in charts
- Check charts for proper treatment documentation

**Brachytherapy**
- Observe and assist in brachytherapy procedures
- Assist in preparation, transport, and loading of brachytherapy sources and equipment
- Assist in localization verification of brachytherapy sources
- Successfully execute treatment plan of brachytherapy intracavitary or interstitial implant
- Accurately perform hand calculation verification of brachytherapy plan
- Completion of source log and forms for room surveys

**Quality Assurance**
- Assist in routine departmental QA processes
- Assist in routine QA of treatment machines, simulator/CT, and equipment
- Assist in calibrations of machines

**Radiation Measurements**
- Assist in performing various types of radiation measurements
- Use of various types of radiation measuring devices
- Assist in evaluation of film badge reports

**Other**
- 
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Introduction to Clinical Education Component

The officials of the University of Wisconsin – La Crosse Medical Dosimetry Program support a philosophy that a strong clinical emphasis is essential in educating medical dosimetrists. The academic or didactic area is very important, but unless the individual dosimetrist can take what he/she has learned in class and put it to practice in the clinical arena, he/she will not be able to function adequately in the field. Trained and certified medical dosimetrists and physicists supervise students in their clinical rotations. They not only provide the student with information on techniques and procedures, but also with the background material and rationale for what is done. Staff radiation oncologists, radiation therapists, and nursing staff are available for further explanations and assistance.

The plan for clinical education includes the following points:

1. All activities are designed to be educational.
2. Students will always be supervised by qualified personnel.
3. Students will rotate through all clinical areas routinely during the internship.
4. Written assignments will be given to check cognitive learning in regard to the clinical objectives.
5. Students will demonstrate psychomotor learning by competency testing on treatment planning listed in the syllabi for the clinical practicum courses. If a student fails in an attempt to document competency, the treatment plan must be repeated.
   a. The student is observed during the competency testing by a clinical instructor who completes the competency form electronically.
   b. This instructor will give students ample time to complete the treatment plan. He/she will give the student an opportunity to self correct any errors in the planning but will not allow the patient to be treated incorrectly. A limited number of competencies may be obtained with the use of a “test” patient or phantom rather than a real patient.
   c. The required clinical competencies are listed on the Competency Checklist Form.
6. Clinical affective evaluation forms, addressing affective learning objectives, will be filled out electronically by a clinical instructor who has worked closely with the student during their rotation. The clinical instructor or Clinical Preceptor will review the evaluations with the students within two weeks of the end of each rotation, whenever possible.
7. Objectives for each clinical practicum course, competency testing forms, evaluation forms, and written assignments will be given to the student at the beginning of the semester.
Competencies

A master competency list is used by the student to track the progress of the 23 required clinical competencies. There are additional observations that also need to be completed. The form is shown on the following page. This form is for reference only as all competencies are recorded in an electronic clinical management system.

There is a specific form to be completed by the clinical instructor for each competency attempt. Each form is available to view by the student in the dosimetry clinical practicum I, II, and III courses in D2L. These are accessed and recorded electronically by the person completing the form.

The competencies do not have to be completed in order listed, although this list is designed to correlate with the didactic instruction throughout the year. The number of required competencies per semester is as follows:

- Spring semester: 5 required for full credit
- Summer semester: 8 required for full credit
- Fall semester: 10 required for full credit

Note: For each competency not completed within the semester, the competency grade will be lowered one letter grade.

The competencies are pass/fail. If one area of the competency is not performed correctly, the entire competency must be completed again. The form should still be completed as “failed” and submitted.
University of Wisconsin-La Crosse
Medical Dosimetry Program
Competency Check list

Student Name:____________________________________________________
Clinical Site:______________________________________________________

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Competency</th>
<th>Evaluator’s initials</th>
<th>Date Performed</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>First Rotation Palliative</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Para-aortic or nodal irradiation</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Pelvis-4 field</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Abdomen-3 or 4 field</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Off-axis prescription point</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Pelvis-3 field</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Second Rotation Palliative</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intact Breast Tangentials</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chest Wall Tangentials (bolus: non-bolus weighting)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Breast or Chest wall with s’clav and PAB</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Thoracic (Conformal)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Limb Sarcoma</td>
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<tr>
<td>Lymphoma</td>
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<tr>
<td>Prostate (IMRT or conformal)*</td>
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<tr>
<td>True Vocal Cord</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Third Rotation Palliative</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>H &amp; N (IMRT or conformal)*</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Electron Beam Plan</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Brain (IMRT or conformal)*</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Esophagus (IMRT or conformal)*</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Intracavitary Implant plan</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Interstitial Implant Plan</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Other:</td>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

*The competencies with the asterisk can be done on either an IMRT plan or a conformal plan. Please make sure you fill out the appropriate form when completing the competency.
Required Clinical Observations

The following list shows the required observations to be completed before finishing the clinical rotations. If the clinical site does not perform any of these procedures, the preceptor or clinical instructors should still demonstrate how to do the procedures on a test patient. At a minimum, one observation for each item below is required for the student to graduate from the program. The observations should be documented in the Typhon system.

- Brachytherapy: observation of source placement
- Cranio-spinal Irradiation (treatment plan)
- Junction shifting
- Field Matching
- QA of Linac (monthly)
- QA of Simulator (monthly)
- Calculating a Gap (by hand and in the computer)

**NOTE:** The student should also be participating in as many conferences as possible. Some of these include Quality Assurance, Chart Rounds, New patient conference, breast conference, etc. Again, attendance at conferences should be documented within Typhon.
Dress and Appearance Standards for Medical Dosimetry Students during Clinical Internship

Dress and appearance standards depend upon policies at the clinical internship sites and will be shared with students during their clinical site orientation. Examples of dress codes are included below to give students guidance in preparing for the internship. Our clothing communicates to fellow staff and patients who we are in part and connotes professionalism or its lack. This should be considered in selection of apparel for school.

UNIFORMS: Are usually acceptable and would consist of the following:
- Women’s white dress or pants uniform. White pants with a colored top is acceptable.
- Men’s uniform would consist of white pants and shirt (white or other color).

LAB COATS:
- Lab coats are to be worn at all times when a uniform is not worn.
- Lab coats are to be neat and clean, white in color, and without holes.

STREET CLOTHING:
- Clothing worn beneath a lab coat should be neat and clean. Clothing usually associated with leisure activities is not appropriate. (No blue jeans, shorts, leggings, collarless t-shirts with writing, halters or sweat pants may be worn).
- Clothing that restricts movement, inhibiting ability to do clinical duties, or is revealing or offensive to patients in any other way is prohibited.

FOOTWEAR:
- Shoes, any color, clean and polished may be worn. Tennis or athletic shoes are acceptable if they are kept clean and in good condition.
- Sandals may not be worn for safety reasons.
- Hosiery is required at all times.

SCRUB CLOTHING:
- Scrub clothing may be worn when rotating through high dose rate afterloader, operating room or intraoperative radiotherapy.
- If scrubs are worn, there are to be no combinations, for example, pants and scrub top or jacket arrangement.
- Upon leaving the radiotherapy department, a lab coat must be worn over scrub suit.

GROOMING:
Because the condition and treatment of our patients make them sensitive to odors in many cases, good grooming is essential. Use of an effective deodorant which doesn’t have a strong aroma of its own is required. Perfumes and after shaves must also be selected with care as these too may be difficult for outpatients to tolerate. Hair, beards, and mustaches must be neatly groomed and clean. Body piercing, other than ears may not be allowed, depending on the site.

IDENTIFICATION:
Name tags will be worn regardless of type of uniform worn.

A student who does not comply with these standards may be sent home to change. During the absence he/she will have to use personal time. If further incidents occur, harsher disciplinary action will take place.
MEDICAL DOSIMETRY PROGRAM

CLINICAL PRACTICUM AFFECTIVE EVALUATION

Student Name: ____________________________________  Month: ________________

Please indicate the degree to which the student, at this point in training, has met the following standards. Please explain in the comment section, any marks for improvement needed and share any other helpful information.

### Communications

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Standards</th>
<th>Meets Expectations</th>
<th>Partially Meets Expectations</th>
<th>Does Not Meet Expectations</th>
<th>N/A</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Explains dosimetry procedures to patient as appropriate to situation</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>2. Respects patient’s rights to privacy &amp; confidentiality</td>
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<tr>
<td>3. Acts and speaks in a respectful manner with staff members</td>
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<tr>
<td>4. Asks questions in an appropriate manner</td>
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<tr>
<td>5. Accepts correction and direction in a professional manner</td>
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<tr>
<td>6. Contributes as a member of the medical dosimetry team</td>
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<tr>
<td>7. Uses effective verbal communication skills with physician during plan consultation and review</td>
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<tr>
<td>8. Uses effective written communication skills for chart, plan, and dosimetry note documentation</td>
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</table>

Comments:

### Accuracy

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Standards</th>
<th>Meets Expectations</th>
<th>Partially Meets Expectations</th>
<th>Does Not Meet Expectations</th>
<th>N/A</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Performs dose calculations accurately</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>2. Reads radiation measurement devices accurately and carefully *</td>
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<tr>
<td>3. Accurately designs plans by computer or manual computation in accordance with prescription</td>
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<tr>
<td>4. Accurately enters information into chart or R &amp; V system</td>
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</table>

* Examples: TLD, Diodes, Film, Ion Chamber

Comments:

### Safety

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Standards</th>
<th>Meets Expectations</th>
<th>Partially Meets Expectations</th>
<th>Does Not Meet Expectations</th>
<th>N/A</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Takes appropriate precautions in Radiation Safety</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Double checks all calculations and treatment plans with dosimetrist/physicist</td>
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<tr>
<td>3. Performs Quality Assurance per recommended guidelines and reviews with dosimetrist/physicist</td>
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<tr>
<td>4. Uses time, distance, shielding principles</td>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Comments
### Dependability

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Meets Expectations</th>
<th>Partially Meets Expectations</th>
<th>Does Not Meet Expectations</th>
<th>N/A</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Arrives promptly as scheduled</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>2. Schedules breaks, lunches, and other time needs with clinical instructors</td>
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<tr>
<td>3. Adheres to attendance standards of the program</td>
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<tr>
<td>4. Uses clinical time wisely</td>
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<tr>
<td>5. Follows school and hospital policies and procedures</td>
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<tr>
<td>6. Takes initiative in observing and assisting in dosimetry activities</td>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Comments:

### Application of Knowledge

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Meets Expectations</th>
<th>Partially Meets Expectations</th>
<th>Does Not Meet Expectations</th>
<th>N/A</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Understands the technique and use of special calculation methods</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>2. Is able to retrieve imaging study (CT) and bring into patient file</td>
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<tr>
<td>3. Is able to identify Anatomy and contour appropriate structures</td>
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<tr>
<td>4. Understands the use of the computer for treatment planning</td>
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<tr>
<td>5. Is able to enter information into the computer and design treatment plan in accordance with prescription</td>
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<tr>
<td>6. Utilizes critical thinking/problem solving skills in approaching treatment planning</td>
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<tr>
<td>7. Demonstrates a basic understanding of physics concepts &amp; principles</td>
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<tr>
<td>8. Understands how clinical oncology information is used in treatment planning</td>
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<tr>
<td>9. Utilizes critical thinking skills when evaluating dose volume histograms</td>
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<tr>
<td>10. Uses problems solving skills when comparing various treatment plans for a specific treatment case</td>
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<tr>
<td>11. Is able to design optimal treatment plans based on calculations, dose volume histograms, prescription, and treatment implementation</td>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Comments:

### General Dosimetry Skills

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Meets Expectations</th>
<th>Partially Meets Expectations</th>
<th>Does Not Meet Expectations</th>
<th>N/A</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Performs calculations in a timely manner</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Accurately uses dose calculation data books to perform hand calculations</td>
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<tr>
<td>3. Is able to dose out chart per prescription and plan</td>
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<tr>
<td>4. Exhibits knowledge of Anatomy, tissues dose tolerance, definitive tumor dose, and typical field arrangements</td>
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<tr>
<td>5. Is able to independently produce treatment plans as required by competency list for semester</td>
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<tr>
<td>6. Is able to prioritize and organize duties to efficiently complete requirements</td>
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</table>

Comments:
Evaluation and Assessment Plan

1. Students will evaluate didactic courses at the end of the course. The didactic evaluations will be completed online.

2. Students will evaluate the program officials and clinical preceptors at the end of each semester. These will be completed online anonymously.

3. All evaluations completed by students will be done anonymously.

4. A survey form will be sent to graduate’s six months and one year following graduation.

5. A survey form will be sent to graduates’ employers six months following graduation.

6. Students are strongly urged to participate in evaluation exercises to assist the program officials in outcome assessment and improvement of the program.

7. The program completes an annual outcomes assessment plan. Outcome measures that do not meet benchmarks will signal a need for revision, which will be addressed by the Program Officials and Advisory Committee.

8. The University of Wisconsin – La Crosse seeks accreditation from the Joint Review Committee on Education in Radiologic Technology. Evaluations from the accrediting body will be reviewed by the Advisory Committee and Program Officials and discussion and decisions based on findings may bring about change in the program.

9. The program assistants will develop an electronic survey for each course every semester. These are called SEI’s (Student Evaluation of Instructors). The University, for every course and every instructor, requires these evaluations.
POSTGRADUATE FOLLOW-UP POLICY

Six months after graduation, a follow-up will be done to check how graduates of the program are doing in the professional field and to follow-up on their evaluation of the education they received at UW-L. These follow-up evaluations will be used as a tool in assessing and improving our program.

An electronic evaluation will be sent to each graduate and an additional electronic evaluation will be sent to the employer for completion. We appreciate the time and efforts of those who cooperate in completing the forms.

Twelve months after graduation, a follow-up evaluation will be initiated to check how graduates of the program are doing in the professional field and how their education prepared them for the Medical Dosimetrist Certification Board (MDCB) exam. This will be used as a tool in assessing and improving our program.

6 and 12 month post graduate evaluations will be delivered via an electronic survey tool. A student will be emailed a link to the electronic survey. They will complete the survey anonymously and the data from the survey is stored in the tool and can be evaluated by the program officials.

The 6 month post graduation employer survey is sent as an electronic survey if email is provided.
A. INTRODUCTION

The Code of Federal Regulations in 10 CFR Part 19, "Notices, Instructions and Reports to Workers: Inspection and Investigations," in Section 19.12, "Instructions to Workers," requires instruction in "the health protection problems associated with exposure to radiation and/or radioactive material, in precautions or procedures to minimize exposure, and in the purposes and functions of protective devices employed." The instructions must be "commensurate with potential radiological health protection problems present in the work place."

The Nuclear Regulatory Commission's (NRC's) regulations on radiation protection are specified in 10 CFR Part 20, "Standards for Protection Against Radiation"; and Section 20.1208, "Dose to an Embryo/Fetus," requires licensees to "ensure that the dose to an embryo/fetus during the entire pregnancy, due to occupational exposure of a declared pregnant woman, does not exceed 0.5 rem (5 mSv)." Section 20.1208 also requires licensees to "make efforts to avoid substantial variation above a uniform monthly exposure rate to a declared pregnant woman." A declared pregnant woman is defined in 10 CFR 20.1003 as a woman who has voluntarily informed her employer, in writing, of her pregnancy and the estimated date of conception.

This regulatory guide is intended to provide information to pregnant women, and other personnel, to help them make decisions regarding radiation exposure during pregnancy. This Regulatory Guide 8.13 supplements Regulatory Guide 8.29 PDF Icon, "Instruction Concerning Risks from Occupational Radiation Exposure" (Ref. 1), which contains a broad discussion of the risks from exposure to ionizing radiation.

Other sections of the NRC's regulations also specify requirements for monitoring external and internal occupational dose to a declared pregnant woman. In 10 CFR 20.1502, "Conditions Requiring Individual Monitoring of External and Internal Occupational Dose," licensees are required to monitor the occupational dose to a declared pregnant woman, using an individual monitoring device, if it is likely that the declared pregnant woman will receive, from external sources, a deep dose equivalent in excess of 0.1 rem (1 mSv). According to Paragraph (e) of 10 CFR 20.2106, "Records of Individual Monitoring Results," the licensee must maintain records of dose to an embryo/fetus if monitoring was required, and the records of dose to the embryo/fetus must be kept with the records of dose to the declared pregnant woman. The declaration of pregnancy must be kept on file, but may be maintained separately from the dose...
records. The licensee must retain the required form or record until the Commission terminates each pertinent license requiring the record.

The information collections in this regulatory guide are covered by the requirements of 10 CFR Parts 19 or 20, which were approved by the Office of Management and Budget, approval numbers 3150-0044 and 3150-0014, respectively. The NRC may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

B. DISCUSSION

As discussed in Regulatory Guide 8.29 (Ref. 1) PDF Icon, exposure to any level of radiation is assumed to carry with it a certain amount of risk. In the absence of scientific certainty regarding the relationship between low dose exposure and health effects, and as a conservative assumption for radiation protection purposes, the scientific community generally assumes that any exposure to ionizing radiation may cause undesirable biological effects and that the likelihood of these effects increases as the dose increases. At the occupational dose limit for the whole body of 5 rem (50 mSv) per year, the risk is believed to be very low.

The magnitude of risk of childhood cancer following in utero exposure is uncertain in that both negative and positive studies have been reported. The data from these studies "are consistent with a lifetime cancer risk resulting from exposure during gestation which is two to three times that for the adult" (NCRP Report No. 116, Ref. 2). The NRC has reviewed the available scientific literature and has concluded that the 0.5 rem (5 mSv) limit specified in 10 CFR 20.1208 provides an adequate margin of protection for the embryo/fetus. This dose limit reflects the desire to limit the total lifetime risk of leukemia and other cancers associated with radiation exposure during pregnancy.

In order for a pregnant worker to take advantage of the lower exposure limit and dose monitoring provisions specified in 10 CFR Part 20, the woman must declare her pregnancy in writing to the licensee. A form letter for declaring pregnancy is provided in this guide or the licensee may use its own form letter for declaring pregnancy. A separate written declaration should be submitted for each pregnancy.

C. REGULATORY POSITION

1. Who Should Receive Instruction

Female workers who require training under 10 CFR 19.12 should be provided with the information contained in this guide. In addition to the information contained in Regulatory Guide 8.29 (Ref. 1), this information may be included as part of the training required under 10 CFR 19.12.

2. Providing Instruction
The occupational worker may be given a copy of this guide with its Appendix, an explanation of the contents of the guide, and an opportunity to ask questions and request additional information. The information in this guide and Appendix should also be provided to any worker or supervisor who may be affected by a declaration of pregnancy or who may have to take some action in response to such a declaration.

Classroom instruction may supplement the written information. If the licensee provides classroom instruction, the instructor should have some knowledge of the biological effects of radiation to be able to answer questions that may go beyond the information provided in this guide. Videotaped presentations may be used for classroom instruction. Regardless of whether the licensee provides classroom training, the licensee should give workers the opportunity to ask questions about information contained in this Regulatory Guide 8.13. The licensee may take credit for instruction that the worker has received within the past year at other licensed facilities or in other courses or training.

3. Licensee’s Policy on Declared Pregnant Women

The instruction provided should describe the licensee’s specific policy on declared pregnant women, including how those policies may affect a woman’s work situation. In particular, the instruction should include a description of the licensee’s policies, if any, that may affect the declared pregnant woman’s work situation after she has filed a written declaration of pregnancy consistent with 10 CFR 20.1208.

The instruction should also identify who to contact for additional information as well as identify who should receive the written declaration of pregnancy. The recipient of the woman’s declaration may be identified by name (e.g., John Smith), position (e.g., immediate supervisor, the radiation safety officer), or department (e.g., the personnel department).

4. Duration of Lower Dose Limits for the Embryo/Fetus

The lower dose limit for the embryo/fetus should remain in effect until the woman withdraws the declaration in writing or the woman is no longer pregnant. If a declaration of pregnancy is withdrawn, the dose limit for the embryo/fetus would apply only to the time from the estimated date of conception until the time the declaration is withdrawn. If the declaration is not withdrawn, the written declaration may be considered expired one year after submission.

5. Substantial Variations Above a Uniform Monthly Dose Rate

According to 10 CFR 20.1208(b), "The licensee shall make efforts to avoid substantial variation above a uniform monthly exposure rate to a declared pregnant woman so as to satisfy the limit in paragraph (a) of this section," that is, 0.5 rem (5 mSv) to the embryo/fetus. The National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements (NCRP) recommends a monthly equivalent dose limit of 0.05 rem (0.5 mSv) to the embryo/fetus once the pregnancy is known (Ref. 2). In view of the NCRP recommendation, any monthly dose of less than 0.1 rem (1 mSv) may be considered as
not a substantial variation above a uniform monthly dose rate and as such will not require licensee justification. However, a monthly dose greater than 0.1 rem (1 mSv) should be justified by the licensee.

D. IMPLEMENTATION

The purpose of this section is to provide information to licensees and applicants regarding the NRC staff's plans for using this regulatory guide.

Unless a licensee or an applicant proposes an acceptable alternative method for complying with the specified portions of the NRC's regulations, the methods described in this guide will be used by the NRC staff in the evaluation of instructions to workers on the radiation exposure of pregnant women.

REFERENCES


APPENDIX: QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS CONCERNING PRENATAL RADIATION EXPOSURE

1. Why am I receiving this information?

   The NRC's regulations (in 10 CFR 19.12, "Instructions to Workers") require that licensees instruct individuals working with licensed radioactive materials in radiation protection as appropriate for the situation. The instruction below describes information that occupational workers and their supervisors should know about the radiation exposure of the embryo/fetus of pregnant women.

   The regulations allow a pregnant woman to decide whether she wants to formally declare her pregnancy to take advantage of lower dose limits for the embryo/fetus. This instruction provides information to help women make an informed decision whether to declare a pregnancy.

2. If I become pregnant, am I required to declare my pregnancy?

   No. The choice whether to declare your pregnancy is completely voluntary. If you choose to declare your pregnancy, you must do so in writing and a lower radiation dose limit will apply to your embryo/fetus. If you choose not to declare your pregnancy, you and your embryo/fetus will continue to be subject to the same radiation dose limits that apply to other occupational workers.

3. If I declare my pregnancy in writing, what happens?

   If you choose to declare your pregnancy in writing, the licensee must take measures to limit the dose to your embryo/fetus to 0.5 rem (5 millisievert) during the entire pregnancy. This is one-tenth of the dose that an occupational worker may receive in a year. If you have already received a dose exceeding 0.5 rem (5 mSv) in the period between conception and the declaration of your pregnancy, an additional dose of 0.05 rem (0.5 mSv) is allowed during the remainder of the pregnancy. In addition, 10 CFR 20.1208, "Dose to an Embryo/Fetus," requires licensees to make efforts to avoid substantial variation above a uniform monthly dose rate so that all the 0.5 rem (5 mSv) allowed dose does not occur in a short period during the pregnancy.

   This may mean that, if you declare your pregnancy, the licensee may not permit you to do some of your normal job functions if those functions would have allowed you to receive more than 0.5 rem, and you may not be able to have some emergency response responsibilities.

4. Why do the regulations have a lower dose limit for the embryo/fetus of a declared pregnant woman than for a pregnant worker who has not declared?

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A lower dose limit for the embryo/fetus of a declared pregnant woman is based on a consideration of greater sensitivity to radiation of the embryo/fetus and the involuntary nature of the exposure. Several scientific advisory groups have recommended (References 1 and 2) that the dose to the embryo/fetus be limited to a fraction of the occupational dose limit.

5. What are the potentially harmful effects of radiation exposure to my embryo/fetus?

The occurrence and severity of health effects caused by ionizing radiation are dependent upon the type and total dose of radiation received, as well as the time period over which the exposure was received. See Regulatory Guide 8.29, "Instruction Concerning Risks from Occupational Exposure" (Ref. 3), for more information. The main concern is embryo/fetal susceptibility to the harmful effects of radiation such as cancer.

6. Are there any risks of genetic defects?

Although radiation injury has been induced experimentally in rodents and insects, and in the experiments was transmitted and became manifest as hereditary disorders in their offspring, radiation has not been identified as a cause of such effect in humans. Therefore, the risk of genetic effects attributable to radiation exposure is speculative. For example, no genetic effects have been documented in any of the Japanese atomic bomb survivors, their children, or their grandchildren.

7. What if I decide that I do not want any radiation exposure at all during my pregnancy?

You may ask your employer for a job that does not involve any exposure at all to occupational radiation dose, but your employer is not obligated to provide you with a job involving no radiation exposure. Even if you receive no occupational exposure at all, your embryo/fetus will receive some radiation dose (on average 75 mrem (0.75 mSv)) during your pregnancy from natural background radiation.

The NRC has reviewed the available scientific literature and concluded that the 0.5 rem (5 mSv) limit provides an adequate margin of protection for the embryo/fetus. This dose limit reflects the desire to limit the total lifetime risk of leukemia and other cancers. If this dose limit is exceeded, the total lifetime risk of cancer to the embryo/fetus may increase incrementally. However, the decision on what level of risk to accept is yours. More detailed information on potential risk to the embryo/fetus from radiation exposure can be found in References 2-10.

8. What effect will formally declaring my pregnancy have on my job status?
Only the licensee can tell you what effect a written declaration of pregnancy will have on your job status. As part of your radiation safety training, the licensee should tell you the company's policies with respect to the job status of declared pregnant women. In addition, before you declare your pregnancy, you may want to talk to your supervisor or your radiation safety officer and ask what a declaration of pregnancy would mean specifically for you and your job status.

In many cases you can continue in your present job with no change and still meet the dose limit for the embryo/fetus. For example, most commercial power reactor workers (approximately 93%) receive, in 12 months, occupational radiation doses that are less than 0.5 rem (5 mSv) (Ref. 11). The licensee may also consider the likelihood of increased radiation exposures from accidents and abnormal events before making a decision to allow you to continue in your present job.

If your current work might cause the dose to your embryo/fetus to exceed 0.5 rem (5 mSv), the licensee has various options. It is possible that the licensee can and will make a reasonable accommodation that will allow you to continue performing your current job, for example, by having another qualified employee do a small part of the job that accounts for some of your radiation exposure.

9. What information must I provide in my written declaration of pregnancy?

You should provide, in writing, your name, a declaration that you are pregnant, the estimated date of conception (only the month and year need be given), and the date that you give the letter to the licensee. A form letter that you can use is included at the end of these questions and answers. You may use that letter, use a form letter the licensee has provided to you, or write your own letter.

10. To declare my pregnancy, do I have to have documented medical proof that I am pregnant?

NRC regulations do not require that you provide medical proof of your pregnancy. However, NRC regulations do not preclude the licensee from requesting medical documentation of your pregnancy, especially if a change in your duties is necessary in order to comply with the 0.5 rem (5 mSv) dose limit.

11. Can I tell the licensee orally rather than in writing that I am pregnant?

No. The regulations require that the declaration must be in writing.

12. If I have not declared my pregnancy in writing, but the licensee suspects that I am pregnant, do the lower dose limits apply?

No. The lower dose limits for pregnant women apply only if you have declared your pregnancy in writing. The United States Supreme Court has ruled (in United Automobile Workers International Union v. Johnson Controls, Inc., 1991) that
“Decisions about the welfare of future children must be left to the parents who conceive, bear, support, and raise them rather than to the employers who hire those parents” (Reference 7). The Supreme Court also ruled that your employer may not restrict you from a specific job "because of concerns about the next generation." Thus, the lower limits apply only if you choose to declare your pregnancy in writing.

13. If I am planning to become pregnant but am not yet pregnant and I inform the licensee of that in writing, do the lower dose limits apply?

No. The requirement for lower limits applies only if you declare in writing that you are already pregnant.

14. What if I have a miscarriage or find out that I am not pregnant?

If you have declared your pregnancy in writing, you should promptly inform the licensee in writing that you are no longer pregnant. However, if you have not formally declared your pregnancy in writing, you need not inform the licensee of your non-pregnant status.

15. How long is the lower dose limit in effect?

The dose to the embryo/fetus must be limited until you withdraw your declaration in writing or you inform the licensee in writing that you are no longer pregnant. If the declaration is not withdrawn, the written declaration may be considered expired one year after submission.

16. If I have declared my pregnancy in writing, can I revoke my declaration of pregnancy even if I am still pregnant?

Yes, you may. The choice is entirely yours. If you revoke your declaration of pregnancy, the lower dose limit for the embryo/fetus no longer applies.

17. What if I work under contract at a licensed facility?

The regulations state that you should formally declare your pregnancy to the licensee in writing. The licensee has the responsibility to limit the dose to the embryo/fetus.

18. Where can I get additional information?

The references to this Appendix contain helpful information, especially Reference 3, NRC’s Regulatory Guide 8.29, "Instruction Concerning Risks from Occupational Radiation Exposure," for general information on radiation risks. The licensee should be able to give this document to you.
For information on legal aspects, see Reference 7, "The Rock and the Hard Place: Employer Liability to Fertile or Pregnant Employees and Their Unborn Children--What Can the Employer Do?" which is an article in the journal Radiation Protection Management.

You may telephone the NRC Headquarters at (301) 415-7000. Legal questions should be directed to the Office of the General Counsel, and technical questions should be directed to the Division of Industrial and Medical Nuclear Safety.

You may also telephone the NRC Regional Offices at the following numbers: Region I, (610) 337-5000; Region II, (404) 562-4400; Region III, (630) 829-9500; and Region IV, (817) 860-8100. Legal questions should be directed to the Regional Counsel, and technical questions should be directed to the Division of Nuclear Materials Safety.
REFERENCES FOR APPENDIX


FORM LETTER FOR DECLARING PREGNANCY

This form is provided for your convenience. To make your written declaration of pregnancy, you may fill in the blanks in this form letter, you may use a form letter the licensee has provided to you, or you may write your own letter.

DECLARATION OF PREGNANCY

TO: ________________________________

In accordance with the NRC’s regulations at 10 CFR Part 20.1208, “Dose to an embryo/fetus,” I am declaring that I am pregnant. I became pregnant in _______________ (only the month and year need be provided).

I understand the radiation dose to my embryo/fetus during my entire pregnancy will not be allowed to exceed 0.5 rem (5 millisievert) (unless that dose has already been exceeded between the time of conception and submitting this letter). I also understand that meeting the lower dose limit may require a change in job or job responsibilities during my pregnancy.

________________________________________
Your Signature

________________________________________
Your name printed

________________________________________
Date
A separate regulatory analysis was not prepared for this regulatory guide. A regulatory analysis prepared for 10 CFR Part 20, "Standards for Protection Against Radiation" (56 FR 23360), provides the regulatory basis for this guide and examines the costs and benefits of the rule as implemented by the guide. A copy of the "Regulatory Analysis for the Revision of 10 CFR Part 20" (PNL-6712, November 1988) is available for inspection and copying for a fee at the NRC Public Document Room, 2120 L Street NW, Washington, DC, as an enclosure to Part 20 (56 FR 23360).

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1. Single copies of regulatory guides, both active and draft, and draft NUREG documents may be obtained free of charge by writing the Reproduction and Distribution Services Section, OCIO, USNRC, Washington, DC 20555-0001, or by fax to (301)415-2289, or by email to (DISTRIBUTION@NRC.GOV). Active guides may also be purchased from the National Technical Information Service on a standing order basis. Details on this service may be obtained by writing NTIS, 5285 Port Royal Road, Springfield, VA 22161. Copies of active and draft guides are available for inspection or copying for a fee from the NRC Public Document Room at 2120 L Street NW., Washington, DC; the PDR's mailing address is Mail Stop LL-6, Washington, DC 20555; telephone (202)634-3273; fax (202)634-3343.

2. Copies are available at current rates from the U.S. Government Printing Office, P.O. Box 37082, Washington, DC 20402-9328 [telephone (202) 512-1800]; or from the National Technical Information Service by writing NTIS at 5285 Port Royal Road, Springfield, VA 22161. Copies are available for inspection or copying for a fee from the NRC Public Document Room at 2120 L Street NW., Washington, DC; the PDR's mailing address is Mail Stop LL-6, Washington, DC 20555; telephone (202)634-3273; fax (202)634-3343.
Appendix B

Joint Review Committee on Education in Radiologic Technology (JRCERT)

Reporting Allegations

The Higher Education Opportunities Act of 2008, as amended, provides that a student, graduate, faculty or any other individual who believes he or she has been aggrieved by an educational program or institution has the right to submit documented allegation(s) to the agency accrediting the institution or program.

The JRCERT, recognized by the United States Department of Education for the accreditation of radiography, radiation therapy, magnetic resonance, and medical dosimetry educational programs investigates allegation(s) submitted, in writing, signed by any individual with reason to believe that an accredited program has acted contrary to the relevant accreditation standards or that conditions at the program appear to jeopardize the quality of instruction or the general welfare of its students.

Process

1. Before submitting allegations, the individual should first attempt to resolve the complaint directly with program/institution officials by following the due process or grievance procedures provided by the program/institution. Each program/institution is required to publish its internal complaint procedure in an informational document such as a catalog or student handbook. (Standard One, Objective 1.6)

2. If the individual is unable to resolve the complaint with program/institution officials or believes that the concerns have not been properly addressed, he or she may submit allegations of non-compliance to the JRCERT:

   Chief Executive Officer
   Joint Review Committee on Education in Radiologic Technology
   20 North Wacker Drive, Suite 2850
   Chicago, Illinois 60606-3182
   Ph: (312) 704-5300
   Fax: (312) 704-5304
   e-mail: mail@jrcert.org

3. To submit allegations of non-compliance, an Allegations Reporting Form must be completed and sent to the above address with required supporting materials. Unsigned forms will not be considered.

Important Notes

1. The JRCERT will not divulge the identity of any complainant(s) unless required to do so through legal process.

2. The JRCERT cannot advocate on behalf of any student(s). An investigation into allegations of non-compliance addresses only the program’s compliance with accreditation standards and will not affect the status of any individual student.

3. The investigation process may take several months.
Joint Review Committee on Education in Radiologic Technology (JRCERT)

Allegations Reporting Form

Please print or type all information.

Name of Complainant: __________________________________________________

Address:  _____________________________________________________________
______________________________________________________________
City: __________________________ State: _______________ Zip Code:_________

Signature:_________________________________ Date: ______________________

Institution sponsoring the program:

Name: ________________________________________________________________

City: ___________________________ State: _____________ Zip Code: __________

Type of Program (Check one):

☐ Radiography    ☐ Radiation Therapy    ☐ Magnetic Resonance    ☐ Medical Dosimetry

The following materials are required as part of the submission:
1. A copy of the program's publication that includes the due process or grievance procedure.

2. A narrative that identifies what you did at each step of the due process or grievance procedure and copies of materials you submitted as part of the appeal and copies of correspondence you received in response to your appeal.

3. A list of specific objectives from the accreditation standards with an indication of what the program is alleged to have done that is not in compliance with the cited objective(s).
Appendix C

University of Wisconsin
La Crosse
Department of Health Professions

Disclosure of Possible Bar from Clinical* Experiences Policy

Students applying to Health Professions Department programs with an arrest (with charge pending) and/or a conviction as noted in the Department of Justice record may be barred from engaging in the required clinical placements. Failure to disclose an arrest (with charge pending) and/or a conviction that subsequently appears on the Department of Justice record may also bar the student from clinical placements. It is the clinical sites’ prerogative to accept or deny clinical rotations to students with an arrest (with charge pending) and/or a conviction.

It is the student’s responsibility to inform the program and/or college of any changes in his/her criminal history during the course of his/her education.

It is the policy of the Health Professions Department to notify a student with an arrest (with charge pending) and/or a conviction that s/he may not be able to complete the required clinical experiences to earn a degree. The student shall be required to read and sign the Disclosure of Possible Bar from Clinical Experiences waiver.

PROCEDURE:

1. If a student has an arrest (with charge pending) and/or a conviction, the program director will meet with the student to discuss the situation. The student will be advised as to his/her options.
2. It will be the student’s decision as to whether or not he/she will begin/continue in the program.
3. The student and Program Director will sign the Disclosure of Possible Bar from Clinical Experiences waiver.

If the student chooses to begin/continue his/her education, the student is not guaranteed a clinical site can be obtained. Each program will follow its own written policy for the number of sites contacted to find a clinical placement. The fieldwork educator will follow a script, written by the program director with student input, when contacting the site. If the site(s) deny the student for clinical education based upon the results of the background check, the student cannot continue with the clinical education portion of the program or subsequent courses in which clinical education is a prerequisite. Acceptance for clinical placement during one rotation does not guarantee subsequent clinical placements.

*For clarification purposes, the term “clinical” can be used interchangeably with the terms “internship”, “practicum” or “fieldwork”.

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Disclosure of Possible Bar from Clinical* Experiences Waiver

I have been notified that because of my arrest (with charge pending) and/or conviction record I may not be able to complete the required clinical experiences needed to complete the ___________________________ program.

I am aware that the program may require clinical experiences at multiple facilities and that acceptance at one facility does not guarantee acceptance for subsequent required clinical experiences at different facilities. I am aware that it is the clinical sites’ prerogative to accept or deny clinical rotations to students with an arrest (with charge pending) and/or conviction record.

I acknowledge that it is my decision whether or not I choose to begin or continue the program based on the knowledge that I may not be able to participate in clinicals. I am aware that I must also meet other division and program policies regarding grades, conduct, etc.

I am aware that it is my responsibility to inform the program and/or college of any changes in my arrest (with charge pending) and/or conviction record during the course of my education.

I understand that even if I am able to complete the required clinical experiences and earn a degree, my arrest (with charge pending) and/or conviction record may affect my eligibility to take state or national certification and/or licensure exams.

_________________________________________  _______________________________________
Student Signature                                          Program Director

________________________________________
Date

________________________________________
Date

Student Printed Name

*For clarification purposes, the term “clinical” can be used interchangeably with the terms “internship”, “practicum” or “fieldwork”.

Updated 1/11/2012
### Appendix D

**Health Professions Department - Medical Dosimetry Program**

**IMMUNIZATION SHEET**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>REQUIREMENTS</th>
<th>DATE COMPLETED</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Physical Exam</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>MMR (Measles, Mumps, Rubella)</strong></td>
<td>Measles Titer: ________ (date) □ Pos □ Neg</td>
<td>Lab results of a positive titer may be required by some clinical facilities. Please send titer levels along as proof of immunity.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mumps Titer ________ (date) □ Pos □ Neg</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Rubella Titer ________ (date) □ Pos □ Neg</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Varicella Zoster Titer (Chicken Pox)</strong> indicating immunity</td>
<td>Varicella Titer:__________(date) □ Pos □ Neg</td>
<td>Please send titer levels along as proof of immunity.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Varicella Disease □ Yes □ No</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TB skin test</strong> completed during the month of October or Chest X-ray within last 6 months.</td>
<td></td>
<td>Provide the Educational Coordinator with a current copy of your TB results (completed 3 months prior to beginning the clinical internship). Note-some clinical facilities require a TB Gold Blood Test as well.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Tetanus/Diphtheria</strong> with evidence of tetanus booster within last 10 years.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Hepatitis B:</strong> students who have never received the Hepatitis B vaccine should start the series of shots as soon as possible due the length of time required in between injections.</td>
<td>Dose One: ____________</td>
<td>Please send titer levels along as proof of immunity.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Dose Two: ____________</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Dose Three: ____________</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Hep B Titer: ____________ (date) □ Pos □ Neg</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Influenza</strong>-students entering the clinic are to receive 1 dose of the influenza vaccine</td>
<td>Date: _________________</td>
<td>Please send appropriate documentation along as proof of vaccination.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Negative 5-panel drug and alcohol screen</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>Please send lab results along as proof of negative screening.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:** It is the responsibility of the student to retain records and to provide documentation as requested by the clinical facility and to provide the Health Professions with a copy of this form and current records. The student is responsible for knowing and complying with the requirements of the clinical facility to which they are assigned.